



IV. Kit Contents (for Tumor-derived exosome enrichment and quantification from Biological fluids and Cell culture supernatant):

Components	Description	K1209-100	Part Number
Sample buffer (1X)	Buffer for antibody dilution and incubation	2 bottles (2 x 10 ml)	K1209-100-1
Washing buffer (25X)	Buffer for washing plate	2 bottles (2 x 15 ml)	K1209-100-2
Primary antibody	α -CD9 mouse antibody	1 vial (20 μ l)	K1209-100-3
HRP conjugated	HRP-conjugated secondary antibody	1 vial (5 μ l)	K1209-100-4
Substrate luminometric Solution A	Substrate for luminometric detection	1 bottle (10 ml)	K1209-100-5
Substrate luminometric Solution B	Substrate for luminometric detection	1 bottle (10 ml)	K1209-100-6
Exosome Standards	Lyophilized exosomes from COLO-1 cell culture supernatant	2 vials (2 x 100 μ g)	K1209-100-7
Immunoplate (White)	Standard multiwell plates 96-well format where assays can be conducted as singletons and/or multiple wells	1 plate	K1209-100-8

V. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- Single-use and/or pipettes with disposable tips 2-100 μ l
- Polypropylene tubes
- Pipettes 1 ml and 5 ml for reagent preparation
- Deionized water
- PBS
- Plate shaker
- Humidified chamber or incubator at 37°C
- Disposable pipetting reservoirs
- Microplate reader
- ELISA sealing film or parafilm

VI. Shipment and Storage:

All the reagents are shipped and stored at 4°C for up to 24 months, if unopened. Briefly centrifuge small vials prior to opening. DO NOT FREEZE!

VII. Reagent Preparation and Storage Conditions:

- Dilute the 25X Washing Buffer to 1X with deionized water. If crystals are observed, dissolve them by warming up the vial at 37°C the solution before preparing a dilution.
- Reconstitute lyophilized exosome standard by adding 100 μ l of deionized water, pipette the solution up and down 10-15 times, avoiding bubbles. Vortex the reconstituted standard for 60 sec. Briefly centrifuge the tubes containing standards to ensure that the solution is collected at the bottom of the tube. Pipette the solution up and down 10 times, again avoiding bubbles.
- If purified exosome samples are analyzed, use 1X PBS to adjust the volume and concentration of samples (overall volume/well is 100 μ l).
- In general, unfractionated samples are analyzed without dilutions (100 μ l/well). If OD values observed, are beyond the range of standard curve. Dilute the samples using 1X PBS.
- Detection antibody should be diluted to 500-fold in sample buffer.
- HRP-conjugated secondary antibodies should be diluted to 2000-fold in sample buffer.
- Mix Solution A and B for luminometric readings immediately prior to use.
- The plate is packed in an opaque aluminum pouch which complies with food and pharmaceutical regulation. The pouch is easy to open and is re-sealable by zip closure.
- ELISA strips: Unused strips should be placed back in the foil pouch with the included desiccant pack, resealed and stored at +4°C for up to one month.
- Exosome standards: The remaining reconstituted standard stock solution should be aliquoted into polypropylene vials (preferably low binding) and stored at -20°C for up to one month or at -80°C for up to six months. Strictly avoid repeated freeze-and-thaw cycles.
- Store opened and diluted reagents at +4°C up to 24 months if unopened. After opening, use within one month.

VIII. ExoQuant™ Assay Protocol:

- Human Plasma Sample Preparation:** Prepare samples by 3 centrifugation steps to eliminate red blood cells and cellular debris. After each step, transfer the supernatant to a new tube and discard the pellet.
 - 10 min at 300g at 4°C (save supernatant; discard pellet).
 - 20 min at 1200g at 4°C (save supernatant; discard pellet).
 - 30 min at 10,000g at 4°C (save supernatant; discard pellet). Human plasma can be diluted 1/1 using 1X PBS prior to loading onto ELISA plates. Human serum has to be used without dilution.
- Cell culture medium sample preparation:** Prepare cell supernatants by 3 centrifugation steps:
 - 10 min at 300g at 4°C (save supernatant; discard pellet).
 - 20 min at 1600g at 4°C (save supernatant; discard pellet).
 - 30 min at 10,000g at 4°C (save supernatant; discard pellet). Concentrate cell supernatant 10-20 fold in spin concentrator*. **The quantity of exosomes could vary between samples. A larger starting amount of sample should be used if the signal is weak.*
- Human Urine sample preparation:** Centrifuge at 16,000g for 20 min at room temperature. Filter by using 0.45 μ m filter. Concentrate urine samples by spin concentrator 15-20 times*. **The quantity of exosomes could vary between samples. A larger starting amount of sample should be used if the signal is weak.*
- Reconstituted Exosome Standard for calibration curve:** Bring all the reagents to room temperature 15-30 min and briefly vortex the tubes before use. The positive control is represented by the highest concentration of exosome standards. The negative control is represented by sample buffer or 1X PBS for analysis of purified exosomes and sample matrix (e.g. exosome depleted cell culture supernatant or plasma) for unfractionated samples.

