

Caspase-Family Fluorometric Substrate Set

CATALOG #: K131-7-25

LOT #: _____

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store at -20°C.

SHELF LIFE: 1 year under proper storage conditions

DESCRIPTION:

Fluorometric substrates for assaying activities of members of caspase family proteases. All substrates are provided in liquid ready-to-use form.

Kit CONTENTS: Each of the following substrates is dissolved in DMSO

Concentration	Description	Volume	Part Number
1 mM	Caspase-1 Substrate, Ac-YVAD-AFC	125 µl	K110-25-3
1 mM	Caspase-2 Substrate, Ac-VDVAD-AFC	125 µI	K116-25-3
1 mM	Caspase-3 Substrate, Ac-DEVD-AFC	125 µI	K105-25-3
1 mM	Caspase-5 Substrate, Ac-WEHD-AFC	125 µI	K122-25-3
1 mM	Caspase-6 Substrate, Ac-VEID-AFC	125 µI	K114-25-3
1 mM	Caspase-8 Substrate, Ac-IETD-AFC	125 µI	K112-25-3
1 mM	Caspase-9 Substrate, Ac-LEHD-AFC	125 µI	K118-25-3

ASSAY PROCEDURE:

- Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture without induction.
- 2. Count cells and pellet 1-5 x 10^6 cells or use 50-200 μg cell lysates if protein concentration has been measured.
- Resuspend cells in 50 μl of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer (Cat.# 1067-100).
- Incubate cells on ice for 10 minutes.
- Add 50 μI of 2X Reaction Buffer (Cat.# 1068-20) containing 10 mM DTT (Cat.# 1201-1) to each sample.
- Add 5 μl of the 1 mM AFC conjugated substrates (50 μM final conc.) into each tube individually and incubate at 37°C for 1-2 hour.
- Read samples in a fluorometer equipped with a 400-nm excitation filter and 505-nm emission filter. For a plate-reading set-up, transfer the samples to a 96-well plate. You may perform the entire assay directly in a 96-well plate.

Fold-increase in caspase activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used in human.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

Gentaur Europe BVBA Voortstraat 49, 1910 Kampenhout BELGIUM Tel 0032 16 58 90 45 info@gentaur.com

Apoptosis Detection Kits & Reagents

- Annexin V Kits & Bulk Reagents
- Caspase Assay Kits & Reagents
- Mitochondrial Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Nuclear Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Apoptosis Inducers and Set
- Apoptosis siRNA Vectors

Cell Fractionation System

- Mitochondria/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Nuclear/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Membrane Protein Extraction Kit
- Cytosol/Particulate Rapid Separation Kit
- Mammalian Cell Extraction Kit
- FractionPREP Fractionation System

Cell Proliferation & Senescence

- Quick Cell Proliferation Assay Kit
- Senescence Detection Kit
- High Throughput Apoptosis/Cell Viability Assay Kits
- LDH-Cytotoxicity Assay Kit
- Bioluminescence Cytotoxicity Assay Kit
- Live/Dead Cell Staining Kit

Cell Damage & Repair

- HDAC Fluorometric & Colorimetric Assays & Drug Discovery Kits
- HAT Colorimetric Assay Kit & Reagents
- DNA Damage Quantification Kit
- Glutathione & Nitric Oxide Fluorometric & Colorimetric Assay Kits

Signal Transduction

- cAMP & cGMP Assay Kits
- Akt & JNK Activity Assay Kits
- Beta-Secretase Activity Assay Kit

Adipocyte & Lipid Transfer

- Recombinant Adiponectin, Survivin, & Leptin
- CETP Activity Assay & Drug Discovery Kits
- PLTP Activity Assay & Drug Discovery Kits
- Total Cholesterol Quantification Kit

Molecular Biology & Reporter Assays

- siRNA Vectors
- Cloning Insert Quick Screening Kit
- Mitochondrial & Genomic DNA Isolation Kits
- 5 Minutes DNA Ligation Kit
- 20 Minutes Gel Staining/Destaining Kit
- β -Galactosidase Staining Kit & Luciferase Reporter Assay Kit

Growth Factors and Cytokines

BioVisionGENERAL TROUBLESHOOTIN



Gentaur Europe BVBA Voortstraat 49, 1910 Kampenhout BELGIUM Tel 0032 16 58 90 45 info@gentaur.com

CKITS

Problems	Cause	Solution
Assay not working	Cells did not lyse completely	Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as described in the datasheet
	Experiment was not performed at optimal time after	Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis
	apoptosis induction • Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter settings of the instrument
	Old DTT used	Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer
High Background	Increased amount of cell lysate used	Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to prepare lysates
	Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect increased.	Use calibrated pipettes
	pipettingIncubation of cell samples for extended periods	Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the individual components appropriately
	Contaminated cells	Check for bacteria/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination
Lower signal levels	Cells did not initiate apoptosis	Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment)
	Very few cells used for analysis	Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number
	Use of samples stored for a long time	Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one month for the assay
	Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples	Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use
Samples with erratic readings	Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells	Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage number)
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit
	Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment	Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates; apoptotic cells may become floaters
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe efficiency of lysis under microscope
	Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot as needed
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting
	Cell samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper controls)
General issues	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use
	Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer to datasheet & verify the correct incubation times and temperatures
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly
	Air bubbles formed in the well/tube	Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit
	Use of a different 96-well plate	Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates
Note# The most probable cause is	s listed under each section. Causes may overlap with other sections.	

Page 2