# **BioVision**



# **Caspase-Family Colorimetric Substrate Set**

**CATALOG #**: K132-7-25 **LOT #**: \_\_\_\_\_

**STORAGE CONDITIONS:** Store at –20°C.

SHELF LIFE: 1 year under proper storage conditions

#### DESCRIPTION:

Ready-to-use colorimetric substrates for members of caspase family proteases. All substrates were provided in liquid ready-to-use form.

#### KIT CONTENTS:

Concentration	Description	Volume	Part Number
4 mM	Caspase-1 Substrate, Ac-YVAD-pNA	125 µl	K111-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-2 Substrate, Ac-VDVAD-pNA	125 μΙ	K117-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-3 Substrate, Ac-DEVD-pNA	125 µI	K106-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-5 Substrate, Ac-WEHD-pNA	125 µI	K123-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-6 Substrate, Ac-VEID- <i>p</i> NA	125 µI	K115-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-8 Substrate, Ac-IETD-pNA	125 µI	K113-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-9 Substrate, Ac-LEHD- <i>p</i> NA	125 µI	K119-25-3

### **ASSAY PROCEDURE:**

- Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture without induction.
- 2. Count cells and pellet 1-5 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells.
- Resuspend cells in 50 µl of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer (Cat.# 1067-100) and incubate cells on ice for 10 minutes.
- 4. Centrifuge for 1 min in a microcentrifuge (10,000 x g).
- 5. Transfer supernatant to a fresh tube and assay protein Concentration.
- 6. Dilute 50-200 µg protein to 50 µl Cell Lysis Buffer for each assay.
- Add 50 μI of 2X Reaction Buffer (Cat.# 1068-20) containing 10 mM DTT (Cat.# 1201-1) to each sample.
- Add 5 μl of the 4 mM pNA conjugated substrates (200 μM final conc.) into each tube individually and incubate at 37°C for 1-2 hour.
- Read samples at 400- or 405-nm in a microtiter plate reader, or spectrophotometer using a 100-µl micro quartz cuvette (Sigma), or dilute sample to 1 ml with Dilution Buffer (Cat.# 1066-100, -500) and using regular cuvette (note: Dilution of the samples proportionally decreases the reading).

Fold-increase in caspase activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

**Note**: Background reading from cell lysates and buffers should be subtracted from the readings of both induced and the uninduced samples before calculating fold increase in caspase activity.

#### RELATED PRODUCTS:

Gentaur Europe BVBA Voortstraat 49, 1910 Kampenhout BELGIUM Tel 0032 16 58 90 45 info@gentaur.com

## Apoptosis Detection Kits & Reagents

- Annexin V Kits & Bulk Reagents
- Caspase Assay Kits & Reagents
- Mitochondrial Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Nuclear Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Apoptosis Inducers and Set
- Apoptosis siRNA Vectors

#### Cell Fractionation System

- Mitochondria/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Nuclear/Cvtosol Fractionation Kit
- Membrane Protein Extraction Kit
- Cytosol/Particulate Rapid Separation Kit
- Mammalian Cell Extraction Kit
- FractionPREP Fractionation System

#### Cell Proliferation & Senescence

- · Quick Cell Proliferation Assay Kit
- Senescence Detection Kit
- High Throughput Apoptosis/Cell Viability Assay Kits
- LDH-Cytotoxicity Assay Kit
- Bioluminescence Cytotoxicity Assay Kit
- Live/Dead Cell Staining Kit

### Cell Damage & Repair

- HDAC Fluorometric & Colorimetric Assays & Drug Discovery Kits
- HAT Colorimetric Assay Kit & Reagents
- DNA Damage Quantification Kit
- Glutathione & Nitric Oxide Fluorometric & Colorimetric Assay Kits

#### Signal Transduction

- cAMP & cGMP Assay Kits
- Akt & JNK Activity Assay Kits
- Beta-Secretase Activity Assay Kit

#### Adipocyte & Lipid Transfer

- Recombinant Adiponectin, Survivin, & Leptin
- CETP Activity Assay & Drug Discovery Kits
- PLTP Activity Assay & Drug Discovery Kits
- Total Cholesterol Quantification Kit

#### Molecular Biology & Reporter Assays

- siRNA Vectors
- Cloning Insert Quick Screening Kit
- Mitochondrial & Genomic DNA Isolation Kits
- 5 Minutes DNA Ligation Kit
- 20 Minutes Gel Staining/Destaining Kit
- β -Galactosidase Staining Kit & Luciferase Reporter Assay Kit

## **Growth Factors and Cytokines**

Monoclonal and Polyclonal Antibodies

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# GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE FOR CASPAGE COLORINIETRIC AND FLUCKOMETRIC KITS

Problems	Cause	Solution
Assay not working	Cells did not lyse completely	Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as described in the datasheet
	Experiment was not performed at optimal time after	Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis
	apoptosis induction  • Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter settings of the instrument
	Old DTT used	Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer
High Background	Increased amount of cell lysate used	Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to prepare lysates
	<ul> <li>Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect pipetting</li> </ul>	Use calibrated pipettes
	Incubation of cell samples for extended periods	Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the individual components appropriately
	Contaminated cells	Check for bacteria/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination
Lower signal levels	Cells did not initiate apoptosis	Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment)
	Very few cells used for analysis	Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number
	Use of samples stored for a long time	Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one month for the assay
	• Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples	Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use
Samples with erratic readings	Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells	Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage number)
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit
	Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment	Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates; apoptotic cells may become floaters
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe efficiency of lysis under microscope
	Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot as needed
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting
	Cell samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper controls)
General issues	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use
	• Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer to datasheet & verify the correct incubation times and temperatures
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly
	Air bubbles formed in the well/tube	Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit
	Use of a different 96-well plate	Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates

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