



# **Caspase Colorimetric Substrate Set II Plus**

**CATALOG#**: K138-9-25

LOT#: \_\_\_\_\_

**STORAGE CONDITIONS:** Store at -20°C.

**SHELF LIFE:** 6 months under proper storage conditions

#### KIT CONTENTS:

Concentration	Description	Volume	Part Number
4 mM	Caspase-1 Substrate, Ac-YVAD-pNA	125 µl	K111-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-2 Substrate, Ac-VDVAD-pNA	125 µl	K117-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-3 Substrate, Ac-DEVD-pNA	125 µl	K106-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-4 Substrate, Ac-LEVD-pNA	125 µl	K127-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-5 Substrate, Ac-WEHD-pNA	125 µl	K123-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-6 Substrate, Ac-VEID- <i>p</i> NA 125 μI K		K115-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-8 Substrate, Ac-IETD-pNA	125 µl	K113-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-9 Substrate, Ac-LEHD-pNA	125 µl	K119-25-3
4 mM	Caspase-10 Substrate, Ac-AEVD-pNA	125 µl	K125-25-3
N/A	Cell Lysis Buffer	100 ml	1067-100
N/A	Dilution Buffer	200 ml	K111-200-5
N/A	2X Reaction Buffer	20 ml	1068-20
1 M	DTT	0.4 ml	K111-100-4

#### **ASSAY PROCEDURE:**

- Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture without induction.
- Count cells and pellet 1-5 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells.
- 3. Resuspend cells in 50 µl of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer (Cat.# 1067-100, -400) and incubate cells on ice for 10 minutes. Centrifuge for 1 min in a microcentrifuge (10,000 x g).
- 5. Transfer supernatant to a fresh tube and assay protein Concentration.
- 6. Dilute 100-300 μg protein to 50 μl Cell Lysis Buffer for each assay.
- 7. Add 50 µl of 2X Reaction Buffer (Cat.# 1068-20, -80) containing 10 mM DTT (Cat.# K111-100-4) to each sample.
- Add 5 μl of the 4 mM pNA conjugated substrates (200 μM final conc.) into each tube individually and incubate at 37°C for 1-2 hour.
- 9 Read samples at 400- or 405-nm in a microtiter plate reader, or spectrophotometer using a 100-µl micro quartz cuvet te (Sigma), or dilute sample to 1 ml with Dilution Buffer (Cat.# K111-200-5) and using regular cuvette (note: Dilution of the samples proportionally decreases the reading).

Fold-increase in caspase activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

**Note:** Background reading from cell lysates and buffers must be subtracted from the readings of both induced and the uninduced samples before you calculate the fold increase in caspase activity.

#### **RELATED PRODUCTS:**

Gentaur Europe BVBA Voortstraat 49, 1910 Kampenhout BELGIUM Tel 0032 16 58 90 45 info@gentaur.com

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- Nuclear Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Apoptosis Inducers and siRNA Vectors

## Cell Fractionation System

- Mitochondria/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Nuclear/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Membrane Protein Extraction Kit
- Cytosol/Particulate Rapid Separation Kit
- Mammalian Cell Extraction Kit
- FractionPREP Fractionation System

#### Cell Proliferation & Senescence

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# GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE FOR CASPASE COLORIMETRIC AND FLUOROMETRIC KITS:

Problems	Cause	Solution
Assay not working	Cells did not lyse completely	Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as described in the datasheet
	Experiment was not performed at optimal time after	Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis
	apoptosis induction • Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter settings of the instrument
	Old DTT used	Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer
High Background	Increased amount of cell lysate used	Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to prepare lysates
	Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect pipetting	Use calibrated pipettes
	Incubation of cell samples for extended periods	Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the individual components appropriately
	Contaminated cells	Check for bacteria/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination
Lower signal levels	Cells did not initiate apoptosis	Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment)
	Very few cells used for analysis	Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number
	Use of samples stored for a long time	Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one month for the assay
	• Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples	Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use
Samples with erratic readings	Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells	Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage number)
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit
	Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment	Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates; apoptotic cells may become floaters
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe efficiency of lysis under microscope
	Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot as needed
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting
	Cell samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper controls)
General issues	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use
	Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer to datasheet & verify the correct incubation times and temperatures
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly
	Air bubbles formed in the well/tube	Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit
	Use of a different 96-well plate	Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates

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