BioVision



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Caspase-12 Fluorometric Assay Kit

(Catalog #K139-25, -100; Store at -20° C)

I. Introduction:

Caspase family of proteases are the central mediators of apoptosis in mammalian cells. The **Caspase-12 Fluorometric Assay Kit** provides a simple and convenient means for assaying the activity of caspases that recognize the sequence ATAD. The assay is based on detection of cleavage of substrate ATAD-AFC (AFC: 7-amino-4-trifluoromethyl coumarin). ATAD-AFC emits blue light (\lambdamax = 400 nm); upon cleavage of the substrate by caspase-12 or related caspases, free AFC emits a yellow-green fluorescence (\lambdamax = 505 nm), which can be quantified using a fluorometer or a fluorecence microtiter plate reader. Comparison of the fluorescence of AFC from an apoptotic sample with an uninduced control allows determination of the fold increase in caspase-12 activity.

II. Kit Contents:

Components	K139-25 25 assays	K139-100 100 assays	Part Number
Cell Lysis Buffer	25 ml	100 ml	K139-XX(X)-1
2X Reaction Buffer	2 ml	4 x 2 ml	K139-XX(X)-2
ATAD-AFC (1 mM)	125 µl	0.5 ml	K139-XX(X)-3
DTT (1 M)	100 µl	0.4 ml	K139-XX(X)-4

III. Caspase-12 Assay Protocol:

A. General Considerations

- Aliquot enough 2X Reaction Buffer for the number of assays to be performed. Add DTT to the 2X Reaction Buffer immediately before use (10 mM final concentration: add 10 µl of 1.0 M DTT stock per 1 ml of 2X Reaction Buffer).
- After thawing, store the Cell Lysis Buffer and 2X Reaction Buffer at 4°C.
- Protect ATAD-AFC from light.
- We recommend using a flat bottom, opaque, white or black 96-well plate for enhanced sensitivity.

B. Assay Procedure

- Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture without induction.
- 2. Count cells and pellet 2-5 x 10^6 cells or use 100-300 μg cell lysates if protein concentration has been measured.
- 3. Resuspend cells in 50 µl of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer. Incubate on ice for 10 min.
- 4. Add 50 µl of 2X Reaction Buffer (containing 10 mM DTT) to each sample.
- 5. Add 5 μ l of the ATAD-AFC substrate (50 μ M final concentration) and incubate at 37 $^{\circ}$ C for 1-2 hour.
- 6. Read samples in a fluorometer equipped with a 400-nm excitation filter and 505-nm emission filter. For a plate-reading set-up, transfer the samples to a 96-well plate. You may also perform the entire assay directly in a 96-well plate. Fold-increase in caspase-12 activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

Apoptosis Detection Kits & Reagents

- Annexin V Kits & Bulk Reagents
- Caspase Assay Kits & Reagents
- Mitochondrial Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Nuclear Apoptosis Kits & Reagents
- Apoptosis Inducers and Apoptosis siRNA Vectors

Cell Fractionation System

- Mitochondria/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Nuclear/Cytosol Fractionation Kit
- Membrane Protein Extraction Kit
- Cytosol/Particulate Rapid Separation Kit
- Mammalian Cell Extraction Kit
- FractionPREP Fractionation System

Cell Proliferation & Senescence

- Quick Cell Proliferation Assay Kit
- Senescence Detection Kit
- High Throughput Apoptosis/Cell Viability Assay Kits
- LDH-Cytotoxicity Assay Kit
- Bioluminescence Cytotoxicity Assay Kit
- Live/Dead Cell Staining Kit

Cell Damage & Repair

- HDAC Fluorometric & Colorimetric Assays & Drug Discovery Kits
- HAT Colorimetric Assay Kit & Reagents
- DNA Damage Quantification Kit
- Glutathione & Nitric Oxide Fluorometric & Colorimetric Assay Kits

Signal Transduction

- cAMP & cGMP Assay Kits
- Akt & JNK Activity Assay Kits
- Beta-Secretase Activity Assay Kit

Adipocyte & Lipid Transfer

- Recombinant Adiponectin, Survivin, & Leptin
- CETP & PLTP Activity Assay & Drug Discovery Kits
- Total Cholesterol Quantification Kit

Molecular Biology & Reporter Assays

- siRNA Expression Vectors
- Cloning Insert Quick Screening Kit
- Mitochondrial & Genomic DNA Isolation Kits
- 5 Minutes DNA Ligation Kit
- 20 Minutes Gel Staining/Destaining Kit

Growth Factors and Cytokines

Monoclonal and Polyclonal Antibodies

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

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Problems	Cause	Solution	
Assay not working	Cells did not lyse completely	Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as described in the datasheet	
	Experiment was not performed at optimal time after apoptosis induction	Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis	
	Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter settings of the instrument	
	Old DTT used	Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer	
High Background	Increased amount of cell lysate used	Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to prepare lysates	
	Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect pipetting	Use calibrated pipettes	
	Incubation of cell samples for extended periods	Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times	
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the individual components appropriately	
	Contaminated cells	Check for bacteria/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination	
Lower signal levels	Cells did not initiate apoptosis	Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment)	
	Very few cells used for analysis	Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number	
	Use of samples stored for a long time	Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one month for the assay	
	• Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples	Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting	
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use	
Samples with erratic readings	Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells	Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage number)	
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit	
	Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment	Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates; apoptotic cells may become floaters	
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe efficiency of lysis under microscope	
	Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times	
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot as needed	
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use	
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting	
	Cell samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper controls)	
General issues	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use	
	• Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer to datasheet & verify the correct incubation times and temperatures	
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly	
	Air bubbles formed in the well/tube	Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes	
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit	
	Use of a different 96-well plate	Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates	