



# **Coronavirus Enhanced RT-qPCR Detection Kit**

(Catalog # K1484-100 Rxns; Store at -20°C)

I. Introduction:

**BioVision's Coronavirus Enhanced RT-qPCR Detection Kit** is a real-time reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-qPCR) test used for the qualitative detection of RNA from SARS-CoV-2 in human nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swab specimens. It allows the efficient cDNA synthesis and qPCR in a single tube. This kit includes a 2X RT-qPCR Mastermix that contains all the reagents supplied in a 2X concentration to perform the qPCR. A separate RT-qPCR Enzyme Mix for cDNA synthesis is included the kit. Additionally, the kit contains a vial of primers and probes. The detection Kit uses real time PCR fluorescence technology to specifically detect S and N genes from SARS-CoV-2. During the amplification process, the probes included will anneal to the specific target sequence located between the forward and reverse primers. The probe is then cleaved, releasing the reporter dye and generating a fluorescent signal. An internal control primer and probe set (Actin) is included to monitor proper specimen collection and assay setup.

### II. Application:

• An ideal tool to detect SARS-CoV-2 by real-time RT-qPCR method

#### III. Key Features:

- Reliable and Ready-to-use
- Results ready in less than 2 h
- Highly specific for the N and S target markers recommended by WHO and US CDC
- Includes a Positive Control
- Compatible with standard RT-qPCR machines (Bio-Rad CFX96, QuantStudio's 7 Flex system, Agilent Mx3005P, etc.)

#### IV. Sample Types:

RNA extracted from human nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swab samples. Flocked swabs are preferred. Sterile dacron or rayon swabs with plastic or flexible metal handles may also be used. Do NOT use cotton or calcium alginate swabs or swabs with wooden sticks as they may contain substances that inactivate viruses and inhibit PCR.

#### V. Kit Contents:

Components	K1484-100	Rxns per kit	Part Number	
COVID-19 Primers/Probes	200 µl	100 X	K1484-100-1	
2X RT-qPCR Master Mix	1.25 ml	100 X	K1484-100-2	
Positive Control Template	100 µl	20 X	K1484-100-3	
Negative Extraction Control	1.0 ml	20 X	K1484-100-4	
RT-qPCR Enzyme Mix	40 µl	100 X	K1484-100-5	
Nuclease-free Water	1 ml	100 X	K1484-100-6	

## VI. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- qPCR Thermal Cycler
- PCR plates
- Nuclease-free Water

## VII. Shipping and Storage Conditions:

The kit should be stored at -20°C upon arrival. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Keep the reagents on ice when thawed. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.

### VIII. Assay Protocol:

1. **Sample Preparation:** Precautions must be taken to prevent cross-contamination of samples. To monitor that there is no cross - contamination during the extraction process, extract the Negative Extraction Control (K1484-100-4) included in this kit alongside your samples for each sample preparation run. Extracted nucleic acid should be stored at 4°C if it is to be used within 4 hr, or at -70°C for long term storage. Separate work areas should be used for nucleic acid extraction and reagent preparation.

Notes:

- a. Proper microbiological, aseptic technique should always be followed when working with RNA. Always wear powder-free latex, vinyl, or nitrile gloves while handling reagents, tubes and RNA samples to prevent RNase contamination from the surface of the skin or from laboratory equipment.
- b. During the procedure, work quickly and keep all reagents on cold blocks when possible to avoid degradation of RNA. Quickly prepare the reaction mix on ice or in the cooling block. Once the reagents have been thawed, vortex and centrifuge the tubes briefly before use.
- c. Each process in the experiment should be conducted in different designated zones (reagent preparation zone, sample processing zone, amplification zone and product analysis zone). Always use sterile pipette tips with filters.
- 2. RT-qPCR MasterMix Preparation: Prepare sufficient quantity of the following reagent mix for the number of samples and controls being tested:

Reagent	Volume per reaction	
COVID-19 Primers/Probes	2 µl	
2X RT-qPCR MasterMix	10 µl	
RT-qPCR Enzyme Mix	0.4 µl	
Nuclease-free Water	2.6 µl	

- 3. In a PCR clean room or BSL2 Biosafety hood, Add 15 µl of the RT-qPCR MasterMix prepared in Step 2 to required wells of PCR plate.
- 4. Add 5 µl of nuclease-free Water to the Negative Control well and cap accordingly. This is the no-template-control (NTC) reaction.



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- 5. Move the PCR plate to Template Addition Room.
- 6. Add 5  $\mu$ l of **extracted** nucleic acid from each sample to the test wells.
- 7. Add 5 µl of extracted nucleic acid from Negative Extraction Control to the Negative Extraction Control well.
- 8. Add 5 µl of Positive Control Template to the Positive Control well.
- 9. Cap all wells securely with optical caps or seal the plate with an optical film.
- 10. Centrifuge the PCR plate to collect all liquid in the bottom of the wells using a tabletop refrigerated centrifuge.
- 11. Transfer the PCR plate to a **qPCR** instrument.

#### IX. Standard RT-qPCR Cycling Condition:

Transfer the reaction setup into the qPCR machine and set up the following cycling program. It is recommended to use BioRad's CFX96.

Steps	Temperature	Time	Cycles
cDNA synthesis	50°C	15 min	1
Pre-Denaturation	95°C	10 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	15 sec	40
Annealing	60°C	60 sec	40

**Detection Channels:** Three channels (FAM, HEX and CY5) are used in this single tube qPCR assay. It is recommended to perform the color (channel) calibration as requested by the instrument's manufacturer.

#### X. Expected Performance of Controls:

Control Type	Used to Monitor	Expected Results and Ct Values		
	Used to Monitor	N (FAM)	S (HEX)	Actin (CY5)
Negative ("NTC")	Assay or extraction reagent contamination	Negative C <sub>t</sub> ND	Negative Ct ND	Negative Ct ND
Positive	Improper assay setup and reagent failure, including primer and probe degradation	Positive C <sub>t</sub> < 40.0	Positive C <sub>t</sub> < 40.0	Negative C <sub>t</sub> ND
Negative Extraction Control	Cross-contamination during extraction	Negative C <sub>t</sub> ND	Negative Ct ND	Positive C <sub>t</sub> < 40.0
Positive Extraction Control ("RP")	Inefficient lysis of specimen, poor specimen collection, improper assay setup, extraction failure, or PCR inhibition	Negative C <sub>t</sub> ND	Negative C <sub>t</sub> ND	Positive C <sub>t</sub> < 40.0

ND= Not Detected. If any control does not perform as specified above, results are considered invalid.

## XI. Interpretation of Results:

Ν	S	Actin	Interpretation
+	+	+/-	Positive Result
If only one of the	two targets are positive	+/-	Inconclusive Result. Repeat RT-qPCR or repeat from extraction step.
-	-	+	Negative Result
-	-	-	Invalid Result. Repeat from extraction step.

#### Limitation of Test Methods:

Possible causes for false negative results:

- Improper sample collection, transportation and treatment, and/or excessively low virus droplets in samples.
- Mutations in the target sequence of SARS-CoV-2 or changes in the sequence caused by other reasons.
- Other untested interferences or PCR inhibitors.
- False positive results may occur if cross-contamination is not well managed during sample processing.

# XII. Related Products:

BioVision Product Name	Cat. No.	Sizes
PCR-Salmonella Detection Kit	K1447	96 Rxns
PCR-Listeria monocytogenes Detection Kit	K1449	96 Rxns
PCR-Legionella spp Detection Kit	K1450	96 Rxns
Coronavirus IgM/IgG Antibody Detection Card	K1463	25 tests
Adeno-Associated Virus qPCR Quantification Kit	K1473	100 Rxns
Viral RNA Extraction Kit for Respiratory Specimens	K1462	50, 250 Rxns
PCR-Campylobacter Detection Kit	K1453	96 Rxns
Mycoplasma PCR Detection Kit	K1476	100 Rxns

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.