

Gentaur Europe BVBA Voortstraat 49, 1910 Kampenhout BELGIUM Tel 0032 16 58 90 45 info@gentaur.com

# HDAC3 Activity ruorometric Assay Nit

(Catalog #K343-100; 100 assays; Store kit at -80 °C)

#### I. Introduction:

Histone deacetylases (HDACs) represent a large family of enzymes identified as key regulators of nucleosomal histone acetylation, a major event that controls eukaryotic gene transcription and are classified into three groups. HDACs are transcriptional repressors with crucial roles in mammalian development. They are believed to be involved in important biological activities, such as cell differentiation, proliferation, apoptosis, and senescence. In **BioVision's HDAC3 Activity Kit**, HDAC3 and Developer will deacetylate and cleave the substrate [R-H-K-K(Ac)-AFC] to release the AFC molecule, which can be detected fluorometrically (Ex/Em = 380/500 nm). The kit provides a rapid, simple, sensitive, and reliable test, which is also suitable for high throughput measurement of HDAC3 activity in purified, immunoprecipitated and recombinant or genetically modified HDAC-3 samples.

#### II. Kit Contents:

Components	100 assays	Cap Color	Part Number
HDAC3 Assay Buffer	25 ml	WM	K343-100-1
HDAC3 Substrate	200 μΙ	Red	K343-100-2
HDAC3 Positive Control	20 µl	Green	K343-100-3
AFC Standard (1 mM)	100 µl	Yellow	K343-100-4
Developer	1 ml	Orange	K343-100-5
Trichostatin A	200 μΙ	Blue	K343-100-6

### III. Storage and Handling:

Briefly centrifuge vials before opening. Read the entire protocol before performing the assay.

**HDAC3 Assay Buffer:** Allow the HDAC3 Assay Buffer to warm to room temperature (RT) before use. Store at 4 °C

HDAC3 Substrate: Upon thawing, aliquot and store at -20 °C. Use within 2 months.

HDAC3 Positive Control: Divide into aliquots and store at -80 °C. Use within 2 months

Developer and Trichostatin A: Store at -20 °C. Use within 2 months after first thaw.

#### IV. HDAC3 Activity Assay Protocol:

- 1. **Standard Curve Preparation:** Prepare a 10  $\mu$ M AFC (7-amino-4-trifluoromethyl coumarin) Standard by mixing 10  $\mu$ l of the 1 mM AFC Standard with 990  $\mu$ l of dH<sub>2</sub>O. Add 0, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10  $\mu$ l 10  $\mu$ M AFC into individual wells in a 96-well plate. Adjust the volume to 100  $\mu$ l/well with HDAC3 Assay Buffer to generate 0, 10, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100 pmol/well of AFC Standard. Read fluorometrically at Ex/Em = 380/500 nm after mixing.
- 2. **Sample Preparation:** Prepare test samples as replicates of up to 25 µl/well with HDAC3 Assay Buffer in a 96-well plate. To one sample replicate add 2 µl HDAC3 Inhibitor (Trichostatin A) as background control. Use 2-5 µl HDAC3 as a Positive Control and adjust the volume to 25 µl with HDAC3 Assay Buffer. Mix well and incubate for 10 min at 37 °C. We suggest testing several doses of sample to ensure the readings are within the Standard Curve linear range.
- 3. Substrate Preparation: For each test sample and background control:

23 µl HDAC3 Assay Buffer 2 µl HDAC3 Substrate

Add 25 µl substrate solution into each well except the Standard wells. **Note: Do not add to Standard Curve wells.** Mix well. Incubate at 37 °C for 30 min.

- Developer: Add 10 μl of Developer and 40 μl HDAC3 Assay Buffer into each well. Note: Do not add the Developer to the Standard Curve well(s). Mix well and incubate another 5 min at 37 °C.
- Measurement: Read Ex/Em = 380/500 nm for each background well (R<sub>B</sub>) and sample well (R<sub>S</sub>), respectively.
- 7. **Calculation:** Plot the AFC Standard Curve. The RFU of fluorescence generated is  $\Delta$  RFU =  $R_S R_B$ . Apply the  $\Delta$  RFU to the AFC Standard Curve to get B pmol of AFC:

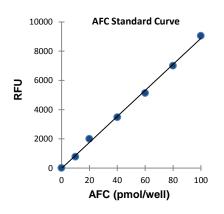
Activity = 
$$\frac{B}{(30) \times V} \times$$
 Sample Dilution Factor = pmol/min/ml =  $\mu$ U/ml

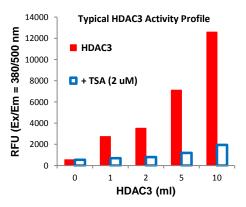
Where: B is the AFC amount from the Standard Curve (in pmol).

30 is the sample/substrate incubation time (in min).

V is the sample volume added into the reaction well (in ml).

**Unit Definition:** One unit is defined as the amount of HDAC3 able to generate 1.0 μmol of AFC per minute at 37 °C when incubated with the HDAC3 Substrate (R-H-K-K(Ac)-AFC).





#### **RELATED PRODUCTS:**

HDAC1 thru HDAC11 Antibodies
DiscoveryPak™ HDAC Inhibitor Set
HDAC Activity Assay Fluorometric Kit
HAT (P/CAF) Active Human Recombinant
Trichostatin A
HDAC8, human recombinant
HDAC3 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit

HDAC Family Antibody Set HDAC Activity Assay Colorimetric Kit HAT Activity Assay Colorimetric Kit HAT1 thru HAT3 Antibodies HDAC8 Inhibitor Screening Kit HDAC3 Activity Assay Kit HDAC3, human recombinant

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.



## **GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING**

**BioVision** 

Problems	Cause	Solution		
Assay not working	Use of ice-cold assay buffer	Assay buffer must be at room temperature		
	Omission of a step in the protocol	Refer and follow the data sheet precisely		
	Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength in the data sheet and the filter settings of the instrument		
	Use of a different 96-well plate	• Fluorescence: Black plates (clear bottoms) ; Luminescence: White plates ; Colorimeters: Clear plates		
Samples with erratic readings	Use of an incompatible sample type	Refer data sheet for details about incompatible samples		
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the assay buffer provided in the kit or refer data sheet for instructions		
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe for lysis under microscope		
	Samples used after multiple free-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples if needed to use multiple times		
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot if needed		
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use		
Lower/ Higher readings in Samples and Standards	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use		
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the components appropriately		
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use		
	Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer datasheet & verify correct incubation times and temperatures		
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly		
Readings do not follow a linear pattern for Standard curve	Use of partially thawed components	Thaw and resuspend all components before preparing the reaction mix		
	Pipetting errors in the standard	Avoid pipetting small volumes		
	Pipetting errors in the reaction mix	Prepare a master reaction mix whenever possible		
	Air bubbles formed in well	Pipette gently against the wall of the tubes		
	Standard stock is at an incorrect concentration	Always refer the dilutions in the data sheet		
	Calculation errors	Recheck calculations after referring the data sheet		
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit		
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting		
	Samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit		
	Use of incompatible sample type	Refer data sheet to check if sample is compatible with the kit or optimization is needed		
	Sample readings above/below the linear range	Concentrate/ Dilute sample so as to be in the linear range		
Note: The most probable list of cause	Note: The most probable list of causes is under each problem section. Causes/ Solutions may overlap with other problems.			

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**BioVision Incorporated** 155 S. Milpitas Boulevard, Milliand CA 05005 110 A