



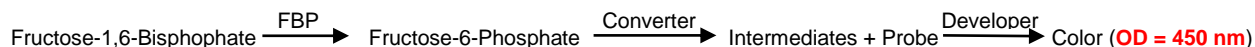
## Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase Activity Assay Kit (Colorimetric)

2/19

(Catalog # K590-100; 100 assays; Store at -20°C)

### I. Introduction:

Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase (FBP) (EC 3.1.3.11) is a rate-limiting enzyme for gluconeogenesis. It hydrolyzes Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphate releasing inorganic phosphate and Fructose-6-Phosphate that is further used in the synthesis of glucose. In humans, Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase can be found in the form of two isozymes: FBP1 and FBP2. FBP1 is mainly expressed in liver and kidneys, while FBP2 is expressed in all tissues. Deficiency of Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase causes hypoglycemia, metabolic acidosis, and unexpected death in infants. Recent studies have found elevated FBP levels subjects dealing with obesity and diabetes. Furthermore, inhibition of FBP increases glucose utilization and insulin sensitivity. Therefore, FBP could serve as a potential target for treating type II diabetes (insulin resistance). BioVision's FBP activity assay kit provides a quick, reliable test that allows the measurement of FBP enzymatic activity in various samples. In this Assay, FBP hydrolyzes Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphate into Fructose-6-Phosphate (F6P). F6P is used in an enzyme-coupled reaction which reduces a chromophore forming a product with a stable signal that can be measured at OD = 450 nm. The assay is simple, sensitive and can detect lower than 100 µU of FBP in variety of samples.



### II. Application:

- Measurement of Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase Activity in various tissues/cells.
- Analysis of gluconeogenesis pathway.
- Mechanistic studies of Molecular and/or Cell biology processes (diabetes, gluconeogenesis)

### III. Sample Type:

- Animal tissues: Liver, Kidney etc.
- Cell culture: HeLa, Jurkat, etc.

### IV. Kit Contents:

Components	K590-100	Cap Code	Part Number
FBP Assay Buffer	25 ml	WM	K590-100-1
FBP Substrate	1 vial	Blue	K590-100-2
FBP Converter	1 vial	Purple	K590-100-3
FBP Developer	1 vial	Red	K590-100-4
FBP Probe	1 vial	Amber	K590-100-5
F6P Standard	1 vial	Yellow	K590-100-6
FBP Positive Control	1 vial	Orange	K590-100-7

### V. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- 96-well plate with flat clear bottom
- Multi-well spectrophotometer (ELISA reader)
- 30% Glycerol
- Ammonium Sulfate Solution (Saturated, 4.1 M), BioVision Cat# 7096

### VI. Storage Conditions and Reagent Preparation:

Store kit at -20°C, protected from light. Warm all buffers to room temperature before use. Briefly centrifuge all small vials prior to opening.

- **FBP Substrate, FBP Converter and FBP Developer:** Reconstitute each vial with 220 µl FBP Assay Buffer. Pipette up and down to dissolve completely. Store at -20°C. Use within two months. Keep on ice while in use.
- **FBP Probe:** Reconstitute with 600 µl FBP Assay Buffer, mix well, aliquot and store at -20°C. Use within two months. Keep on ice while in use.
- **F6P Standard:** Reconstitute with 100 µl dH<sub>2</sub>O to generate 100 mM F6P Standard solution. Store at -20°C. Use within two months. Keep on ice while in use.
- **FBP Positive Control:** Reconstitute with 50 µl of 30% Glycerol and mix thoroughly. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Use within two months

### VII. Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase Assay Protocol:

**1. Sample Preparation:** For whole cells or tissue lysate, rapidly homogenize tissue (50 mg) or cells (5x10<sup>6</sup>) with 500 µl ice cold FBP Assay Buffer, and place on ice for 10 minutes. Centrifuge at 10,000 X g for 5 min at 4°C and collect the supernatant. Use ammonium sulfate to precipitate and remove small molecules that could interfere with the assay: Aliquot tissue samples (100 µl) into clean centrifuge tubes, add saturated 4.32 M ammonium sulfate (BioVision Cat. # 7096) to 65% saturation (1 volume of sample + 2 volumes of 4.32 M ammonium sulfate) and place on ice for 30 mins. Spin down samples at 10,000 g at 4°C for 10 mins, discard the supernatant, and resuspend the pellet back to the original volume with FBP Assay Buffer. Add 2-50 µl samples into a 96-well clear plate; adjust final volume to 50 µl with FBP Assay Buffer. For each sample add identical volume of 2-50 µl sample into two wells a 96-well clear plate – Sample [S] and background Control [BC] respectively; adjust the final volume to 50 µl with FBP Assay Buffer. Positive Control: dilute stock 1:1 with FBP Assay Buffer (15 µl of FBP Positive Control + 15 µl FBP Assay Buffer). Mix well. Add 1-20 µl of diluted Positive Control; adjust the final volume to 50 µl with FBP assay buffer.

