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# Free Glycerol Colori

(Catalog #K630-100; 100 assays; Store at -20°C)

#### I. Introduction:

Glycerol is widely used in foods, beverages, solvents, pharmaceutical and cosmetic products, etc. There is broad interest in quantification of glycerol for research and development. BioVision's Glycerol Assay Kit provides a sensitive, easy assay to measure free glycerol concentration in various samples. In the assay, glycerol is enzymatically oxidized to generate a product which reacts with the probe to generate color ( $\lambda = 570$  nm) and fluorescence (Ex/Em = 535/587 nm). The kit can detect 50 pmol-10 nmol (or 1~10000 µM range) of glycerol in various samples.

#### II. Kit Contents:

Components	K630-100	Cap Code	Part Number
Glycerol Assay Buffer	25 ml	WM	K630-100-1
Glycerol Probe (in DMSO, Anhydrous)	0.2 ml	Red	K630-100-2A
Glycerol Enzyme Mix (lyophilized)	1 vial	Green	K630-100-4
Glycerol Standard (100 mM)	0.2 ml	Yellow	K630-100-5

## III. Storage and Handling:

Store kit at -20°C, protected from light. Warm Assay Buffer to room temperature before use. Briefly centrifuge all small vials prior to opening.

### IV. Reagents Preparation and Storage Conditions:

Glycerol Enzyme Mix: Dissolve in 220 µl Assay Buffer. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Use within

Glycerol Probe: Briefly warm at 37°C for 1-2 min to dissolve. Mix well. Store at -20°C. Use within two months.

#### V. Glycerol Assay Protocol:

#### 1. Standard Curve Preparation:

For the colorimetric assay, add 10 µl of the glycerol standard to 990 µl of Assay Buffer to generate 1 mM glycerol standard, mix well. Add 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 µl into each well individually. Adjust volume to 50 µl/well with Assay Buffer to generate 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 nmol/well of glycerol Standard.

For the fluorometric assay, dilute the Glycerol Standard to 0.01- 0.1 mM with the Assay Buffer (Detection sensitivity is 10-100 fold higher for a fluorometric than a colorimetric assay). Follow the protocol as for the colorimetric assay.

- 2. Sample Preparation: Treat serum sample with Carrez Clarification Reagent Kit (Cat. # K809) to remove anti-oxidants before running the assay. Add 10 µl of supernatant in a 96-well plate. Adjust the volume to 50 µl with Assay Buffer. Cells (10<sup>6</sup> cells) or tissue samples (10 mg) can be homogenized in 500 µl Assay Buffer. Centrifuge sample at 10,000 x g for 10 min. Collect supernatant. Add 1-50 µl of the extracted sample in a 96-well plate. Adjust the volume to 50 µl with Assay Buffer. Certain cell or tissue samples may need to be treated with Carrez Clarification Reagent Kit (Cat. # K809). We suggest testing several dilutions of your sample to make sure the readings are within the standard curve range.
- 3. Reaction Mix: Mix enough reagent for the number of samples and standards to be performed: For each well, prepare a total 50 µl Reaction Mix:

46 µl Assay Buffer

**BioVision Incorporated** 

2 µl Glycerol Probe\*

2 µl Glycerol Enzyme Mix

- \* The fluorometric assay is ~10 times more sensitive than the colorimetric assay. Use 0.4 ul of the probe per reaction to decrease background/increase detection sensitivity significantly.
- Add 50 µl of the Reaction Mix to each well containing standard and samples. Mix well. Incubate at room temperature for 30 min, protect from light.
- Measure OD 570 nm for the colorimetric assay or Ex/Em = 535/590 nm for the fluorometric assay in a microtiter plate reader. The reaction is stable for at least two hrs.
- Calculations: Correct background by subtracting the value derived from the 0 glycerol standard from all sample readings. Plot the standard curve (OD 570 nm or Fluorescence readings vs. nmol). Apply sample readings to the standard curve. Glycerol concentration can then be calculated:

#### C = Ga / Sv nmol/µl or µmol/ml or mM

**Ga** is Glycerol amount from standard curve (nmol). Where: Sv is the sample volume (before dilution) added in sample wells (µl). Glycerol molecular weight: 92.09.

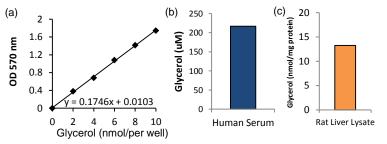


Figure: (a) Glycerol Standard Curve. (b) Measurement of Free glycerol in pooled human serum (10 ul). Sample was treated with Carrez Clarification Reagent Kit (Cat. # K809) before analysis. (c) Measurement of Free glycerol in rat liver lysate (500 µg). Assay was performed following the kit protocol.

#### **RELATED PRODUCTS:**

NAD/NADH Quantification Kit ADP/ATP Ratio Assav Kit Glucose Assay Kit Ethanol Assay Kit Pyruvate Assay Kit Creatine Assay Kit Ammonia Assay Kit Triglyceride Assay Kit Choline/Acetylcholine Assay Kit Sarcosine Assay Kit Nitric Oxide Assay Kit ADP & ATP Colorimetric Kits

Glutamate Assay Kit

Cholesterol Assay Kit

NADP/NADPH Quantification Kit Ascorbic Acid Quantification Kit

Fatty Acid Assay Kit Uric Acid Assay Kit Lactate Assav Kit/ II Creatinine Assay Kit Free Glycerol Assay Kit Hemin Assav Kit

Total Antioxidant Capacity (TAC) Assay Kit

L-Amino Acid Assay Kit Glutathione Detection Kit s ADP & ATP fluorometric Kits Glycerol Assay Kit

HDL & LDL/VLDL Assay Kits

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# **GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE:**

Problems	Cause	Solution	
Assay not working	Use of ice-cold assay buffer	Assay buffer must be at room temperature	
	Omission of a step in the protocol	Refer and follow the data sheet precisely	
	Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength in the data sheet and the filter settings of the instrument	
	Use of a different 96-well plate	• Fluorescence: Black plates (clear bottoms) ; Luminescence: White plates ; Colorimeters: Clear plates	
Samples with erratic readings	Use of an incompatible sample type	Refer data sheet for details about incompatible samples	
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the assay buffer provided in the kit or refer data sheet for instructions	
	Samples were not deproteinized (if indicated in datasheet)	Use the 10 kDa spin cut-off filter or PCA precipitation as indicated	
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe for lysis under microscope	
	Samples used after multiple free-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples if needed to use multiple times	
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot if needed, deproteinize samples	
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures till use	
Lower/ Higher readings in Samples and Standards	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use	
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the components appropriately	
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use	
	Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer datasheet & verify correct incubation times and temperatures	
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly	
Readings do not follow a linear pattern for Standard curve	Use of partially thawed components	Thaw and resuspend all components before preparing the reaction mix	
	Pipetting errors in the standard	Avoid pipetting small volumes	
	Pipetting errors in the reaction mix	Prepare a master reaction mix whenever possible	
	Air bubbles formed in well	Pipette gently against the wall of the tubes	
	Standard stock is at an incorrect concentration	Always refer the dilutions in the data sheet	
	Calculation errors	Recheck calculations after referring the data sheet	
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit	
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting	
	Samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit	
	Use of incompatible sample type	Refer data sheet to check if sample is compatible with the kit or optimization is needed	
	Sample readings above/below the linear range	Concentrate/ Dilute sample so as to be in the linear range	
Note: The most probable list of caus	es is under each problem section. Causes/ Solutions may overlap v	vith other problems.	

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