



# EZClick™ Global Protein Synthesis Kit (FACS/Microscopy), Red

(Catalog # K715-100; 100 assays; Store at -20 °C)

rev 12/20

## I. Introduction:

Cells generate a complete set of proteins during division. Protein synthesis is a tightly regulated process and many critical controls in gene expression occur at the level of translation to ensure that production of specific cellular proteins is quickly turned on/off under specific conditions (heat shock, starvation, etc.). Protein synthesis is essential for cell growth, proliferation, signaling, differentiation or death. Therefore, the identity and amount of the synthesized proteins are critical parameters in determining the physiological state of the cell. Methods enabling detection and characterization of nascent proteins, or changes in spatial and temporal protein expression/degradation patterns during disease, drug treatments or environmental changes are important tools in assessment of cytotoxicity. BioVision's **EZClick™ Global Protein Synthesis Assay Kit** utilizes a novel and robust chemical method based on an alkyne containing and cell-permeable analog of puromycin, (O-propargyl)puromycin (OP-puro). Once inside the cell, OP-puro stops translation by forming covalent conjugates with nascent polypeptide chains. Truncated polypeptides are rapidly turned over by the proteasome and can be detected based on a click reaction with the fluorescent azide. Unlike methionine analogs, OP-puro does not require methionine-free conditions and can be used to label nascent proteins directly in the cell culture. Our kit provides sufficient materials for 100 assays to detect nascent proteins synthesized under various physiological conditions, and Cycloheximide, an inhibitor of protein synthesis that serves as an experimental control.

## II. Applications:

- Detection of nascent protein biosynthesis.
- Detection of protein expression or degradation patterns in presence of cytotoxic agents.
- Screening for genotoxic compounds and effectors of protein synthesis.

## III. Sample Type:

- Suspension or adherent cell cultures

## IV. Kit Contents:

Components	K715-100	Cap Code	Part Number
EZClick™ Wash Buffer (10X)	25 ml	NM	K715-100-1
Fixative Solution	10 ml	WM	K715-100-2
Permeabilization Buffer (10X)	25 ml	NM/Blue	K715-100-3
EZClick™ Protein Label (400X)	25 µl	Clear	K715-100-4
Copper Reagent (100X)	100 µl	Blue	K715-100-5
EZClick™ Fluorescent Azide (100X)	100 µl	Red	K715-100-6
Reducing Agent (20X)	500 µl	Yellow	K715-100-7
EZClick™ Total DNA Stain (1000X)	10 µl	Green/Amber	K715-100-8
Cycloheximide (100X)	10 µl	Green	K715-100-9

## V. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- Tissue culture vessels and appropriate culturing media
- PBS, pH 7.4
- Sterile 0.1% Gelatin Solution (optional, only required for suspension cells)
- Fluorescence microscope capable of excitation and emission at 440/490 nm and 540/580 nm respectively

## VI. Storage Conditions and Reagent Preparation:

Upon arrival, store the kit at -20° C protected from light. Briefly centrifuge small vials prior to opening. Read the entire protocol before performing the assay.

- **EZClick™ Wash Buffer (10X)** and **Permeabilization Buffer (10X)**: Thaw at 37 °C to dissolve completely. Dilute the 10X stocks 1:10 in sterile water, mix well. Store diluted 1X buffer solutions at 4 °C under sterile conditions.
- **Fixative Solution: Aliquot and store at -20 °C, protected from light.**
- **Remaining components:** Store at -20 °C protected from light. While in use, keep on ice and minimize light exposure.

## VII. Assay Protocol:

**Notes:** This assay was developed using HeLa (adherent) and Jurkat (suspension) cells and can be modified for any cell line. The protocol below refers to a 96-well tissue culture plate. Adjust volumes accordingly for other plate formats. The assay volume is 100 µl. Growth conditions, number of cells per well and other factors may affect the incorporation rate of the Protein Label. Therefore, **optimize the assay for your cell type**. We suggest an initial test of several EZClick™ Protein Label concentrations to find best conditions for your experimental design. Avoid stressing the cells by washes or temperature changes prior to incubation with EZClick™ Protein Label. All steps should be carried out at room temperature (RT) unless otherwise specified. Equilibrate all buffers to RT prior to the experiment.

### 1. Labeling of control and experimental cells:

#### Method with drug pre-incubation:

- Obtain cell suspension of desired density and seed directly into tissue culture vessels, or on coverslips for high resolution microscopy. **To immobilize suspension cells for microscopy:** Add 100 µl of 0.1% gelatin solution directly into the wells. Tilt the plate to cover the entire well surface and place it in a tissue culture hood for 1 hour. Gently remove the gelatin solution and seed your cells. Allow the cells to recover overnight before the treatment. Next day, treat the cells with appropriate effectors according to your protocol. *Do not add treatment to the positive and negative control cells.* **Negative Control** (cells not exposed to the Protein Label or treatment), **Positive Control** (cells incubated with 1X Protein Label only).

