



	Substrate Mix	*Background Control Mix
Arginase Assay Buffer	8 μ l	10 μ l
Arginase Substrate	2 μ l	---

Mix. Add 10 μ l Substrate Mix to samples and Positive Control. Mix well & Incubate for 20 min. at 37°C.

* For samples having high background, add 10 μ l Background Control Mix to sample background control well(s). Mix well & incubate for 20 min. at 37°C.

- 3. Standard Curve Preparation:** Dilute H₂O₂ Standard to 10 mM by adding 4 μ l of 0.88 M H₂O₂ Standard to 348 μ l dH₂O. Dilute further to 1 mM by adding 100 μ l of 10 mM H₂O₂ Standard to 900 μ l dH₂O. Add 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 μ l of 1 mM H₂O₂ Standard into a series of wells in 96-well plate to generate 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 nmol/well of H₂O₂ Standard. Adjust the volume to 50 μ l/well with dH₂O.

Note:

Diluted H₂O₂ Standard is unstable. Discard diluted Standard after use.

- 4. Reaction Mix:** Mix enough reagents for the number of assays to be performed. For each well, prepare 50 μ l Reaction Mix containing:

	Reaction Mix
Arginase Assay Buffer	42 μ l
Arginase Enzyme Mix	2 μ l
Arginase Developer	2 μ l
Arginase Converter Enzyme	2 μ l
OxiRed™ Probe	2 μ l

Add 50 μ l of Reaction Mix to each well containing Standards, Positive Control, test samples, & sample background control(s). Mix well.

- 5. Measurement:** Measure absorbance (OD 570 nm) immediately in kinetic mode for 10-30 min. at 37°C.

Note: Incubation time depends on the Arginase Activity in the samples. We recommend measuring the OD in a kinetic mode, and choosing two time points (T₁ & T₂) in the linear range to calculate the Arginase Activity of the samples. The H₂O₂ Standard Curve can be read in endpoint mode (i.e., at the end of incubation time).

- 6. Calculation:** Subtract 0 Standard reading from all Standard readings. Plot the H₂O₂ Standard Curve. Correct sample reading by subtracting the value derived from the background control reading from sample reading. Calculate the Arginase Activity of the test samples: $\Delta OD = A_2 - A_1$. Apply the ΔOD to the H₂O₂ Standard Curve to get B nmol of H₂O₂ generated by Arginase during the reaction time ($\Delta T = T_2 - T_1$).

$$\text{Sample Arginase Activity} = \frac{B}{(\Delta T \times V)} \times \text{Dilution Factor} = \text{nmol/min/}\mu\text{l} = \text{mU/}\mu\text{l} \text{ or U/ml}$$

Where: **B** is the H₂O₂ amount from Standard Curve (nmol).

ΔT is the reaction time (min.).

V is the sample volume added into the reaction well (μ l).

Unit Definition: One unit of Arginase is the amount of enzyme that will generate 1.0 μ mol of H₂O₂ per min. at pH 8 at 37°C.

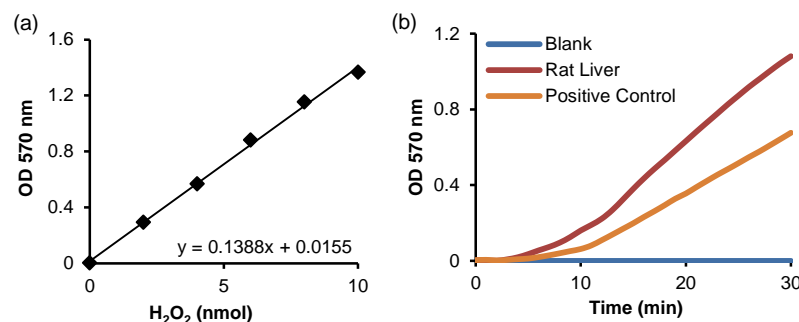


Figure: (a) H₂O₂ Standard Curve. (b) Arginase activity in rat liver lysate (3 μ g) & Positive Control (2 μ l). Assays were performed following the kit protocol.

IX. Related Products:

- Urea Colorimetric Assay Kit (K375)
- Fumarate Colorimetric Assay Kit (K633)
- Ammonia Colorimetric Assay Kit II (K470)
- 10 kDa Spin Column (1997)

- Urea Colorimetric Assay Kit II (K376)
- Ammonia Colorimetric Assay Kit (K370)
- Aspartate Colorimetric/Fluorometric Assay kit (K552)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.