BioVision 05/14 For research use only

PCAF Antibody (NT)

ALTERNATE NAMES: KAT2B; PCAF; Histone acetyltransferase KAT2B; Histone

acetyltransferase PCAF; Lysine acetyltransferase 2B;

P300/CBP-associated factor.

CATALOG #: 6762-100

AMOUNT: 100 μl

HOST/ISOTYPE: Rabbit IgG

IMMUNOGEN: This PCAF antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with

a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 253-283 amino

acids from the N-terminal region of human PCAF.

PURIFICATION: This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate

(SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: ~93.01 kDa

FORM: Liquid

FORMULATION: Supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

SPECIES REACTIVITY: Human. Predicted cross reactivity with mouse samples.

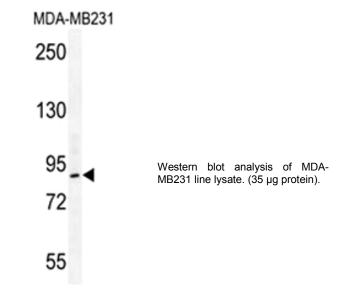
STORAGE CONDITIONS: Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage, store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

DESCRIPTION: The acetylation of histone lysine residues plays a crucial role in the epigenetic regulation of gene transcription. A bromodomain is a protein domain that recognizes acetylated lysine residues such as those on the N-terminal tails of histones. This recognition is often a prerequisite for protein-histone association and chromatin remodeling. These domains function in the linking of protein complexes to acetylated nucleosomes, thereby controlling chromatin structure and gene expression. Thus, bromodomains serve as "readers" of histone acetylation marks regulating the transcription of target promoters. p300/CBP-associated factor (PCAF) is a transcriptional coactivator that works both as a histone lysine acetyltransferase, through its HAT domain, and as an acetyl-lysine reader through its conserved bromodomain located directly C-terminal to the HAT domain. The PCAF bromodomain binds acetylated histone H3 and H4 as well as non-histone targets. Bromodomain binding is dictated by the position of the acetylated lysine as well as interactions with specific residues flanking the acetyl-lysine. PCAF also specifically binds the HIV viral protein Tat on acetylated K50 to regulate its transactivating activity and help induce chromatin remodeling of proviral genes, thereby promoting transcription of viral proteins.

APPLICATION: Western blot: ~1:1000.

Note: This information is only intended as a guide. The optimal dilutions must be determined by the user.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.



RELATED PRODUCTS:

- PCAF bromodomain (714-831 aa), human recombinant (Cat. No. 7657-20, 100)
- PCAF bromodomain (352-658 aa), human recombinant (Cat. No. 1137-100)
- PCAF, mouse recombinant (Cat. No. 7556-10)
- PCAF Antibody (CT) (Cat. No. 6763-100)
- PCAF Inhibitor Screening Kit (Fluorometric) (Cat. No. K345-100)
- Garcinol (Cat. No. 2088-5, -25)
- Recombinant Human BrdT (Cat. No. 7641-20, 100, -1000)
- Human recombinant BRG1 bromodomain (Cat. No. 7650-20, 100)
- Recombinant Human BRD4 (Cat. No. 7644-20, 100, -1000)
- Human recombinant BRD1 bromodomain (Cat. No. 7645-20, 100)
- Human recombinant BRD2 bromodomains 1 (Cat. No. 7646-20, 100)
- Human recombinant BRD2 bromodomain 1 and 2 (Cat. No. 7647-20, 100)
- Human recombinant BRD2 bromodomain 2 (Cat. No. 7648-20, 100)
- Human recombinant BRD9 bromodomain (Cat. No. 7649-20, 100)
- BRD3 bromodomain 1, Human recombinant (Cat. No. 7652-20, 100)
- Bromodomain Inhibitor, (+)-JQ1 (Cat. No. 2070-1, -5)
- BRD8 Antibody (Cat. No. 3738-100)
- BRD8 Antibody (Cat. No. 3506-100)
- BRD8 Blocking Peptide (Cat. No. 3506BP-50)
- EZSolutionTM (+)-JQ1 (Cat. No. 2091-1)
- I-BET151 (Cat. No. 2220-1, -5)
- PFI-1 (Cat. No. 2203-1, -5)

