BioVision 05/17 For research use only

## **Anti-ATIC Antibody (3H12-C9-H9)**

**CATALOG NO:** A1331-100

**AMOUNT**: 100 μg

ALTERNATIVE NAMES: Bifunctional purine biosynthesis protein PURH, 5-aminoimidazole-

4-carboxamide ribonucleotide formyltransferase, AICA transformylase, IMP cyclohydrolase, IMP synthase, Inosinicase

CLONALITY: Monoclonal

**CLONE**: 3H12-C9-H9

Host/ISOTYPE: Mouse IgG1

IMMUNOGEN: Recombinant human ATIC protein fragments expressed in

E.coli

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 64 kDa

SPECIES REACTIVITY: Human, Mouse, Rat

SPECIFICITY: This antibody detects endogenous levels of ATIC and does not

cross-react with related proteins.

**PURIFICATION:** Affinity purified

FORM: Liquid

**FORMULATION:** Purified mouse monoclonal in buffer containing 0.1M Tris-Glycine

(pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl) with 0.2% sodium azide, 50% glycerol

STORAGE CONDITIONS: For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent

freeze-thaw cycles

**DESCRIPTION:** This gene encodes a bifunctional protein that catalyzes the last two

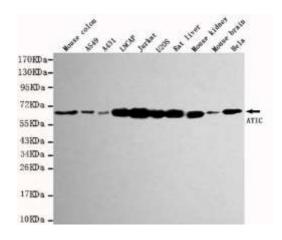
steps of the de novo purine biosynthetic pathway. The N-terminal domain has phosphoribosylaminoimidazolecarboxamide formyltransferase activity, and the C-terminal domain has IMP cyclohydrolase activity. A mutation in this gene results in AICA-

ribosiduria.

APPLICATION: WB; 1:1000

Note: This information is only intended as a guide. The

optimal dilutions must be determined by the user.



## Western blot detection of ATIC in using ATIC Antibody in:

Lane 1: Mouse colon tissue lysate

Lane 2: A549 cell lysate Lane 3: A431 cell lysate

Lane 4: LNCaP cell lysate

Lane 5: Jurkat cell lysate Lane 6: U20S cell lysate

Lane 7: Rat liver tissue lysate

Lane 8: Mouse kidney tissue lysate

Lane 9: Mouse brain tissue lysate

Lane 10: HeLa cell lysate

## RELATED PRODUCTS:

- 5-hmC polyclonal antibody (rabbit) (Cat. No. 6830)
- Acetyl Lysine (Biotin) Antibody (Cat. No. 6125)
- Acetyl-Histone H2A Antibody (Cat. No. 3653)
- Anti- c-Myb Antibody (Cat. No. A1212)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

