

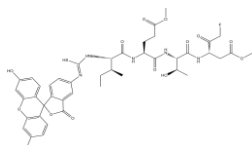
PRODUCT: FITC-IETD-FMK

ALTERNATE NAMES: FITC-Ile-Glu-Thr-Asp-fluoromethyl ketone; FITC-I-E(OMe)-TD(OMe)-FMK

CATALOG #: 9533-100

AMOUNT: 100 μ l (100 Assays)

STRUCTURE:



MOLECULAR FORMULA: $C_{43}H_{48}FN_5O_{14}S$

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 909.93

CAS#: N/A

APPEARANCE: Liquid

FORMULATION: A 0.6 mM solution in DMSO

PURITY: \geq 98% by HPLC

STORAGE: Store at $-20^{\circ}C$. Protect from air and moisture.

DESCRIPTION: FITC-IE(OMe)TD(OMe)-FMK is a fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) conjugate of the cell-permeable caspase-8 inhibitor IE(OMe)TD(OMe)-FMK that acts as an *in situ* marker for detection of caspase-8 in living cells. FITC-IE(OMe)TD(OMe)-FMK is nontoxic, and irreversibly binds to activated caspase-8 in apoptotic cells. The bound marker is localized by fluorescence detection.

CASPASE-8 ASSAY PROCEDURE:

A. Staining Procedure:

1. Induce apoptosis in cells (1×10^6 /ml) by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture *without* induction. An additional control can be prepared by adding the caspase-8 inhibitor IETD-FMK (**BioVision Cat. No. 1064-20C, 100**) at 1 μ l/ml to an induced culture to inhibit caspase activation.
 2. Aliquot 300 μ l each of the induced and control cultures into eppendorf tubes.
 3. Add 1 μ l of FITC-IETD-FMK into each tube and incubate for 0.5-1 hour at $37^{\circ}C$ incubator with 5% CO_2 .
 4. Centrifuge cells at 3000 rpm for 5 minutes and remove supernatant.
 5. Re-suspend cells in 0.5 ml of Wash Buffer (**BioVision Cat. No. 1210**), and centrifuge again.
 6. Repeat Step 5.
- Proceed to B, C, or D depending on methods of analysis.

B. Quantification by Flow Cytometry:

For flow cytometric analysis, re-suspend cells in 300 μ l of Wash buffer. Put samples on ice. Analyze samples by flow cytometry using the FL-1 channel.

C. Detection by Fluorescence Microscopy:

For fluorescence microscopic analysis, re-suspend cells in 100 μ l Wash buffer. Put one drop of the cell suspension onto a microslide and cover with a coverslip. Observe cells under a fluorescence microscope using FITC filter. Caspase positive cells appear to have brighter green signals, whereas caspase negative control cells show much weaker signal.

- D. Analysis by Fluorescence Plate Reader:** For analysis with fluorescence plate reader, resuspend cells in 100 μ l Wash Buffer and then transfer the cell suspension to each well in the black microtiter plate. Measure the fluorescence intensity at Ex/Em = 485/535 nm. For control, use wells containing unlabeled cells.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

- CaspGLOW™ Fluorescein Active Caspase Staining Kit (**K180**)
- CaspGLOW™ Fluorescein Active Caspase-2 Staining Kit (**K182**)
- CaspGLOW™ Fluorescein Active Caspase-3 Staining Kit (**K183**)
- CaspGLOW™ Fluorescein Active Caspase-8 Staining Kit (**K188**)
- CaspGLOW™ Fluorescein Active Caspase-9 Staining Kit (**K189**)
- CaspGLOW™ Fluorescein Active Caspase-12 Staining Kit (**K172**)
- CaspGLOW™ Red Active Caspase Staining Kit (**K190**)
- CaspGLOW™ Red Active Caspase-3 Staining Kit (**K193**)
- CaspGLOW™ Red Active Caspase-9 Staining Kit (**K199**)
- FITC-YVAD-FMK (**9496**)
- FITC-VAD-FMK (**9497**)
- FITC-VDVAD-FMK (**9498**)
- FITC-DEVD-FMK (**9499**)
- FITC-IETD-FMK (**9533**)
- FITC-LEHD-FMK (**9534**)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.