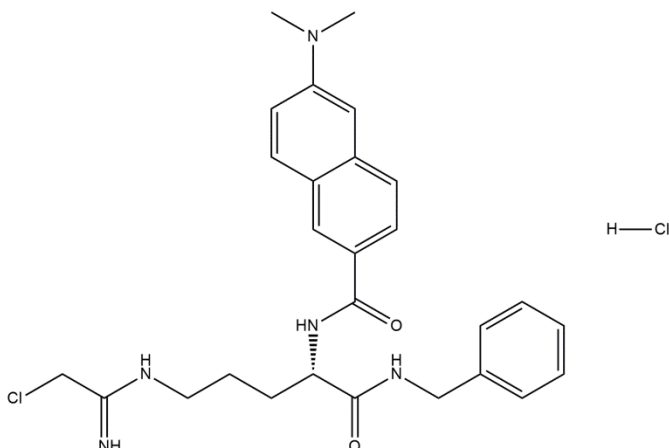


# YW3-56 (hydrochloride)

**ALTERNATE NAMES:** N-[(1S)-4-[(2-chloro-1-iminoethyl)amino]-1-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]butyl]-6-(dimethylamino)-2-naphthalenecarboxamide, monohydrochloride

**CATALOG #:** B2858-500 500 µg  
 B2858-1000 1000 µg

**STRUCTURE:**



**MOLECULAR FORMULA:** C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>32</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>·HCl

**MOLECULAR WEIGHT:** 530.49

**FORMULATION:** A solution in methanol

**PURITY:** ≥80%

**DESCRIPTION:** YW3-56 is an inhibitor of protein arginine deiminases PAD2 and PAD4 which convert protein arginine residues to citrulline. The IC<sub>50</sub> for inhibition of PAD4 and PAD2 is about 1–2 µM and 0.5–1 µM respectively. YW3-56 inhibits the growth of osteosarcoma U2OS cells with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 2.5 µM. YW3-56 induces p53 target genes SESN2 and DDIT4 which repress mTORC1 kinase activity. It perturbs autophagy and inhibits the growth of triple-negative breast cancer xenograft tumors in mice.

**STORAGE TEMPERATURE:** -20°C

**HANDLING:** Do not take internally. Wear gloves and mask when handling the product! Avoid contact by all modes of exposure.

**REFERENCE:**

1. Wang, Y., Li, P., Wang, S., et al. Anticancer peptidylarginine deiminase (PAD) inhibitors regulate the autophagy flux and the mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 activity. *The Journal of Biological Chemistry* 287(31), 25941-25952 (2012).
2. Wang, S., Chen, X.A., Hu, J., et al. ATF4 gene network mediates cellular response to the anticancer PAD inhibitor YW3-56 in triple-negative breast cancer cells. *Mol. Cancer Ther.* 14(4), 877-888 (2015).

**RELATED PRODUCTS:**

F-Amidine (trifluoroacetate salt) (Cat. No. B2803)  
 GSK-199 hydrochloride (Cat. No. B1037)  
 BB-Cl-Amidine (Cat. No. B2847)  
 Cl-Amidine (hydrochloride) (Cat. No. B2802)  
 GSK-121 trifluoroacetate (Cat. No. B1034)

**DISCLAIMER:** *FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.*