

# IPG-1 TMA<sup>+</sup> Salt

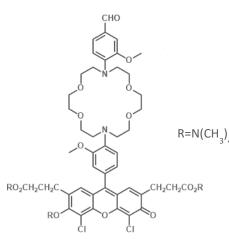
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ALTERNATE NAMES: Potassium (K<sup>+</sup>) indicator; IPG-1 membrane impermeable; IPG-1 tetramethylammonium TMA+ Salt; Fluorescent Potassium K+ indicator

CATALOG #:

B3141-5PK 5 x 50 μg B3141-500 500 μg

### STRUCTURE:



MOLECULAR WEIGHT:

1145

APPEARANCE:	Red-orange powder
PURITY:	≥ 90%
SOLUBILITY:	Soluble in water
DESCRIPTION:	IPG-1 is a small, synthetic fluorochrome which incorporates a K <sup>+</sup> -binding moiety. When K <sup>+</sup> binds, the quenching is relieved and the fluorescence dramatically increases. IPG-1 has Ex/Em: 525 nm/545 nm and a high-sensitivity to detect small changes in K <sup>+</sup> concentration. IPG-1 has a lower affinity (Kd = 50 mM) than IPG-2 (Cat. Nos. B3142, B3143; Kd = 18 mM) or IPG-4 (Cat. Nos. B3144, B3145; Kd = 7 mM). IPG-1 TMA <sup>+</sup> salt is a membrane impermeable form of IPG-1 that can be used in lipid membrane-free
	systems, liposomes, or can be introduced into cells by electroporation, microinjection or other methods.
STORAGE TEMPERATURE:	-20 °C. Store in the dark. Product is light sensitive. Protect from air. Store under desiccating conditions.
HANDLING:	Do not take internally. Wear gloves and mask when handling the product! Avoid contact by all modes of exposure.

## PROTOCOL:

Titration protocol for measuring potassium concentrations in solution:

1.Calibrate IPG-1 salt by dissolving the dye in TRIS or HEPES buffer with various concentrations of KCI. Use a concentration of ~2.5 µM IPG-1 and a concentration range between 0-150 mM KCI. For calibration, use a buffer formulation that is similar to the experimental conditions, as the performance of the dye can be impacted by other salts and/or proteins.

- 2. There will be an increase in the fluorescence of the solution, when the amount of KCI in the solution increases.
- 3. Read the fluorescence using a plate reader or fluorimeter (Excitation/Emission: 525 nm/545 nm).

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Rimmele, T.S., Chatton, J.Y. A Novel Optical Intracellular Imaging Approach for Potassium Dynamics in Astrocytes. *PLOS ONE* 9(10): e109243 (2014).
  - 2. Woo, J., Jang, M.W., Lee, J., et al. The molecular mechanism of synaptic activity-induced astrocytic volume transient. *J Physiol.* 2020 Oct;598(20):4555-4572 (2020).



## **RELATED PRODUCTS:**

FURA-5F/AM (Cat. No. 9551) ING-2 AM (Cat. No. B3137) FURA-2 Am (Cat. No. 2243) FURA-4F/AM (Cat. No. 9550) ING-2 TMA+ Salt (Cat. No. B3138)

DISCLAIMER:

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.