

ToxOut™ Endotoxin-Free Protein G Sepharose

rev10/18

Store at 4°C. Do not freeze.

Cat. No.

M1301-1 Protein G-Sepharose, 1 ml settled resin M1301-5 Protein G-Sepharose, 5 ml settled resin M1301-25 Protein G-Sepharose, 25 ml settled resin

Support: 6% cross-linked Sepharose beads supplied as 50% slurry (e.g., 1 ml of settled resin is equivalent to 2 ml of 50% slurry)

in 20% Ethanol/H₂O.

Binding Capacity: >15 mg human or rabbit lgG/ml of settled resin.

Flow Rate Tested*: 0.85 cm/min

*Test condition: Linear flow rate determined in 2 ml column with internal diameter of 1.5 cm.

Introduction:

Protein G is a cell wall protein produced by group *G streptococcus*. Like protein A, this bacteria-derived protein binds with high affinity & specificity to the Fc portion of most mammalian immunoglobulins. Therefore, Protein G has been widely used for IgG purification. BioVision's Protein G (Cat. No. 6510) is a genetically engineered protein containing three Ig-binding regions of native Protein G. The cell wall binding region, albumin binding region and other non-specific regions have been eliminated from the recombinant Protein G to ensure the maximum specific IgG binding. The coupling technique is optimized to give a higher binding capacity for IgG & minimum leaching of recombinant Protein G. In addition, Protein G-Sepharose beads display high chemical & physical stability as well as high flow rate, hydrophilicity & high gel strength. It can be used for IgG purification and immunoprecipitation. Endotoxin-free Protein G-Sepharose is made under our proprietary endotoxin-free conditions. Our Endotoxin-free Protein G-Sepharose also shows ability of reducing certain amount of endotoxin from serum or ascites samples.

Applications:

- Purification of endotoxin-free monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies from culture media, serum, ascites fluid or hybridoma supernatants.
- Isolation of antibody/antigen complexes in immunoprecipitation experiments, since only the Fc region is involved in antibody binding and the Fab region is available for binding antigen.

User Supplied Reagents or Equipment (Endotoxin-Free reagents and equipment should be used in all procedures)

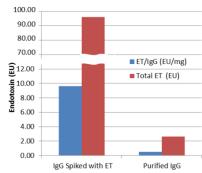
- Binding Buffer: PBS/TBS/0.15 M sodium chloride in 50 mM sodium borate, pH 8.0
- Elution Buffer: 0.1 M citric acid, pH 2.75
- Neutralization Buffer: 1 M Tris-HCl, pH-9

Protocol example (Antibody Purification):

- 1. Carefully pack the column avoiding air bubbles.
- 2. Equilibrate the column with 5 resin volume of Binding Buffer & allow the buffer to drain through the column. Do not let the resin dry.
- 3. Dilute serum sample with Binding Buffer (1:1 ratio).
- 4. Mix well the diluted serum sample. Make sure there are no bubbles in the sample solution.
- 5. Apply the diluted sample onto the column. Do not let the resin dry.
- 6. Collect the flow-through.
- 7. Reapply the flow-through to the column & collect the sample. Repeat 4 times.
- 8. Wash the column 4 5 times with 5 volume of Binding Buffer containing 0.5 M NaCl.
- 9. Wash the column 4 5 times with Binding Buffer.
- 10. Elute antibodies with Elution Buffer ~3-5 resin volume. Collect fractions using micro centrifuge tube containing neutralization buffer (100 µl of 1 M Tris, pH 9.0 per ml of eluate).
- 11. Assay protein concentration by measuring the absorbance at 280 nm and combine the fractions with highest absorbance. 1 OD₂₈₀ = 0.73 mg/ml IgG.
- 12. To regenerate/store column:
 - a. Wash with 5 volumes of Elution Buffer.
 - b. Wash with 5 volumes of distilled water.
 - c. Store column in 20 % Ethanol/H₂O at 4 °C.

Note: Columns may be regenerated 8-10 times without significant loss of binding capacity.

Figure: IgG purification with Endotoxin-Free protein G-Sepharose. IgG (10 mg) spiked with endotoxin (96 EU) is loaded onto 1 ml Endotoxin-free protein G-Sepharose. After purification procedures, the recovered IgG shows even reduced endotoxin level (More than 90% reduction).





APPENDIX: Protein G affinity for immunoglobulins

| Species | lg | Binding Strength |
|------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Human | Total IgG | ++++ |
| Human | IgG1 | ++++ |
| Human | IgG2 | ++++ |
| Human | IgG3 | ++++ |
| Human | IgG4 | ++++ |
| Mouse | Total IgG | ++++ |
| Mouse | IgG1 | ++ |
| Mouse | IgG2a | ++++ |
| Mouse | IgG2b | ++++ |
| Mouse | IgG3 | ++++ |
| Rat | Total IgG | ++ |
| Rat | IgG1 | ++ |
| Rat | IgG2a | ++++ |
| Rat | IgG2b | + |
| Rat | IgG2c | ++++ |
| Rabbit | Total IgG | ++++ |
| Pig | Total IgG | + |
| Horse | Total IgG | ++++ |
| Guinea Pig | Total IgG | + |
| Cow | Total IgG | ++++ |
| Chicken | Total IgG | - |
| Goat | Total IgG | ++++ |
| Dog | Total IgG | + |
| Cat | Total IgG | + |
| Sheep | Total IgG | ++++ |

Legend: ++++: Strong Binding ++: Medium Binding +: Weak Binding -: No Binding

RELATED PRODUCTS:

- Hi-Bind™ Protein A-Agarose (Cat. No. 6520)
- Protein A-Agarose (Cat. No. 6526)
- Protein A-Sepharose (Cat. No. 6501)
- Protein A-Sepharose Column (Cat. No. 6508)
- Protein A-Magnetic Beads (Cat. No. 6507)
- Protein A Antibody (Cat. No. 5500)
- Protein A (Cat. No. 6500, 6500B)
- Protein A lgG Binding Buffer (Cat. No. 6524)
- IgG Elution Buffer (Cat. No. 6525)
- Protein A IgG Purification Buffer Kit (Cat. No. 6529)
- Hi-Bind™ Protein G-Agarose (Cat. No. 6513)
- Protein G-Sepharose (Cat. No. 6511)
- Protein G-Sepharose Column (Cat. No. 6518)
- Protein G-Magnetic Beads (Cat. No. 6517)
- Protein G (Cat. No. 6510)
- Protein G Antibody (Cat. No. 5510)

- Protein G-Biotin (Cat. No. 6215)
- Protein L-Sepharose (Cat. No. 6531)
- Protein L-Sepharose Column (Cat. No. 6538)
- Protein L Magnetic Beads (Cat. No. 6537)
- Protein L Antibody (Cat. No. 5530)
- Protein L (Cat. No. 6530)
- Protein A/G-Sepharose (Cat. No. 6503)
- Protein A/G-Sepharose Column (Cat. No. 6528)
- Protein A/G Magnetic Beads (Cat. No. 6527)
- Protein A/G (Cat. No. 6502)
- Protein A/G/L-Sepharose (Cat. No. 6541)
- Protein A/G/L-Sepharose Column (Cat. No. 6548)
- Protein A/G/L Magnetic Beads (Cat. No. 6547)
- Protein A/G/L (Cat. No. 6540)
- Protein G Coated 96-well Plate (Cat. No. 6522)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.