BioVision 09/17 For research use only

Human CellExp™ VEGF 165, Human Recombinant

CATALOG NO: 6485-10 10 μg

6485-50 50 μg 6485-1000 1000 μg

ALTERNATE NAMES: Vascular endothelial growth factor A, MVCD1, VEGF, VEGF165,

VPF, MGC70609, Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor A precursor,

Vascular Permeability Factor, VEGFA

SOURCE: HEK 293 cells (Ala 27 - Arg 191)

PURITY: > 95% by SDS-PAGE

MOL. WEIGHT (MW): This protein is fused with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus and

has a calculated MW of $\sim\!\!20$ kDa (27 -191 aa). Under reducing and non-reducing conditions the protein migrates as a $\sim\!\!25$ kDa

(monomer) and ~45 kDa band (homodimer) in SDS-PAGE.

FORM:

Lyophilized

FORMULATION: Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS pH 7.4

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store at -20°C. After reconstitution, aliquot and store at -80°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

RECONSTITUTION: Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute at 0.2-0.3 mg/mL

in distilled water is recommended.

DESCRIPTION: Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF) plays a key role in

tumor angiogenesis in many cancers. The VEGF family consists of seven secretory glycoproteins: VEGF-A, VEGF-B, VEGF-C, VEGF-D, VEGF-E, VEGF-F and Placental Growth Factor (PIGF). The binding of VEGF and its receptors leads to activation of the PI3K/AKT, p38 MAPK, FAK and paxillin. VEGFA/VEGF165 is a heparin-binding protein, which exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. It induces proliferation and migration of vascular endothelial cells, and is essential for both physiological and pathological angiogenesis. Diseases associated with VEGFA/VEGF165 include microvascular complications of diabetes 1 (MVCD1) and atherosclerosis. It is also related to the integrated

Breast Cancer Pathway.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY: EC₅₀ is 600 ng/ml. The activity was determined by the dose-

dependent stimulation of the proliferation of EA.hy926 human

endothelial cells.

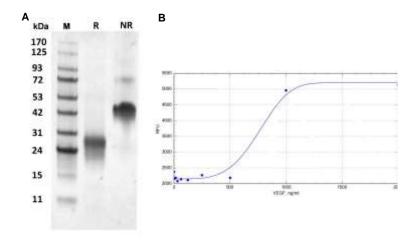


Fig A. SDS-PAGE (4-20%) of Human Recombinant VEGF 165: 2 ug of recombinant protein loaded under reducing (Lane R) and non-reducing conditions (Lane NR) and stained with Coomassie Blue. Under reducing and non-reducing conditions the protein migrates as a ~25 kDa (monomer) and ~45 kDa band (homodimer), respectively.

Fig B. BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY: The activity was determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of EA.hy926 human endothelial cells with EC $_{50}$ 600 ng/ml.

RELATED PRODUCT:

- Human CellExp™ Human Recombinant VEGF 121 (Cat. No. 6484-10, -50)
- VEGF121, human recombinant (Cat. No. 4963-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF165, human recombinant (Cat. No. 4363-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF165, murine recombinant (Cat. No. 4364-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF165, rat recombinant (Cat. No. 4365-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF120, murine recombinant (Cat. No. 4964-10, -100, -1000)
- VEGF-B, human recombinant (Cat. No. 4642-10, -20, -1000)
- VEGF-C, human recombinant (Cat. No. 4633-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF-C, murine recombinant (Cat. No. 4634-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF-C, rat recombinant (Cat. No. 4635-10, -50, -1000)
- VEGF-D, human recombinant (Cat. No. 4343-10, -50, -1000)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

