BioVision

Human CellExp[™] CTLA4/CD152, Human Recombinant

CATALOG #:	7476-20 7476-100	20 µg 100 µg
ALTERNATE NAMES:	CTLA4, CD152, CI IDDM12	ELIAC3, GRD4, GSE, ICOS,
SOURCE:	HEK 293 cells (Ala 37 – Phe 162)	
PURITY:	≥ 95% by SDS-PAGE gel	

MOL. WEIGHT: This protein is fused with 6×his tag at the C-terminus, and has a calculated MW of 14.3 kDa. The predicted N-terminus is Ala 37. DTT-reduced Protein migrates as 25 kDa in SDS-PAGE due to glycosylation.

FORM: Lyophilized

FORMULATION: Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4. Normally Mannitol or Trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store at -20°C. After reconstitution, aliquot and store at -20°C and use within 3 months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

RECONSTITUTION: Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH 7.4 to a concentration of 50 μ g/ml. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -20°C.

DESCRIPTION: CTLA-4 (Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte Antigen 4) is also known as CD152 (Cluster of differentiation 152), is a protein receptor that downregulates the immune system. CTLA4 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, which is expressed on the surface of Helper T cells and transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells. The protein contains an extracellular V domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tail. Alternate splice variants, encoding different isoforms. CTLA4 is similar to the T-cell costimulatory protein, CD28, and both molecules bind to CD80 and CD86, also called B7-1 and B7-2 respectively, on antigen-presenting cells. CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T cells and may be important to their function. T cell activation through the T cell receptor and CD28 leads to increased expression of CTLA4, an inhibitory receptor for B7 molecules. Fusion proteins of CTLA4 and antibodies (CTLA4-Ig) have been used in clinical trials for rheumatoid arthritis.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY: Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human B7-2, Fc Tag at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Human CTLA-4, His Tag with a linear range of 1-6.4 ng/mL. Immobilized Human B7-1, Fc Tag at 2µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Human CTLA-4, His Tag with a linear range of 0.16-2.56 ng/mL.

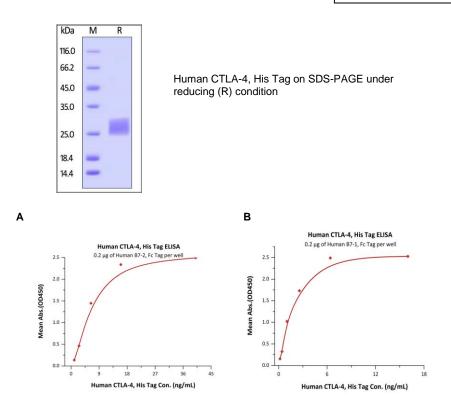


Fig. A. Immobilized Human B7-2, Fc Tag at 2μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Human CTLA-4, His Tag with a linear range of 1-6.4 ng/mL

Fig. B. Immobilized Human B7-1, Fc Tag at 2µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Human CTLA-4, His Tag with a linear range of 0.16-2.56 ng/mL

RELATED PRODUCTS:

- Human CellExp[™] CD223, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7278-10, -50)
- Human CellExp[™] CD71, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7279-10, -50)
- Human CellExp[™] CD273, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7369-10, -50)
- Human CellExp[™] CD33, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7370-10, -50)
- Human CellExp[™] CD87, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7372-20, -100)
- Human CellExp[™] CD360, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7373-20, -100)
- Human CellExp[™] CD244, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7374-10, -50)
- Human CellExp[™] CD304, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7375-10)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used in humans.

