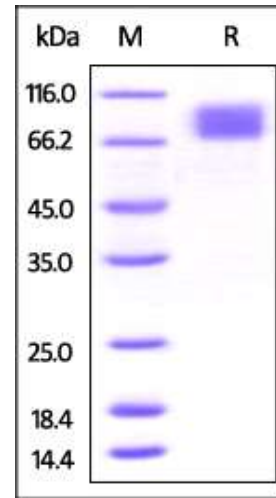


Human CellExp™ CSF1R / CD115, mouse recombinant

CATALOG NO:	P1080-10 P1080-50	10 µg 50 µg
ALTERNATE NAMES:	CSF1R, C-FMS, CD115, CSFR, FIM2, FMS, M-CSFR	
SOURCE:	HEK 293 cells (Ala 20 - ser 511)	
PURITY:	> 95% by SDS – PAGE	
MOL. WEIGHT:	This protein is fused with polyhistidine tag at C terminus and the protein has a calculated MW of 57.1 kDa. The predicted N-terminus is Ala 20. The protein migrates as 66-100 kDa under reducing (R) condition on SDS-PAGE gel due to glycosylation.	
ENDOTOXIN LEVEL:	< 1.0 EU per 1µg of protein (determined by LAL method)	
FORM:	Lyophilized	
FORMULATION:	Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4. Generally Mannitol or Trehalose is added as a protectant before lyophilization.	
STORAGE CONDITIONS:	Store at -20°C. After reconstitution, aliquot and store at -70°C and use within 3 months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.	
RECONSTITUTION:	Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile deionized water to a concentration of 50 µg/ml. Solubilize for 30 to 60 minutes at room temperature with occasional gentle mixing. Carrier protein (0.1% (W/V) HSA or BSA) is recommended for further dilution and long term storage. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -80°C.	
DESCRIPTION:	Colony stimulating factor 1 receptor (CSF1R) is also known as macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor (M-CSFR), CD115 Cluster of Differentiation 115 (CD115), C-FMS, CSFR, FIM2, FMS, and is a member of the type III subfamily of receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs). CSF1R is a receptor for a cytokine called colony stimulating factor 1. The protein encoded by the CSFR1 gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 1, a cytokine which controls the production, differentiation, and function of macrophages. This receptor mediates most, if not all, of the biological effects of this cytokine. Ligand binding activates CSFR1 through a process of oligomerization and transphosphorylation. Mutations in CSF1R are associated with chronic myelomonocytic leukemia and type M4 acute myeloblastic leukemia. Increased levels of CSF1R1 are found in microglia in Alzheimer's disease and after brain injuries. The increased receptor expression causes	

colony stimulating factor 1 play an important role in the development of the mammary gland and may be involved in the process of mammary gland carcinogenesis.



The purity of mouse CSF1R / CD115 was determined by SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition and staining overnight with Coomassie Blue.

RELATED PRODUCT:

- Human CellExp™ CSF1R / CD115 / CD6, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7505-20**)
- Human CellExp™ M-CSF R/CSF1R/CD115, mouse recombinant Fc tag (**Cat. No. P1079-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD160/BY55, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7386-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD166/ALCAM, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7437-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD172A / SIRP, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7506-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD33 / SIGLEC-3, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7370-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD47, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7385-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD55/DAF, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7432-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD58 /LFA-3, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7427-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD62E/E-Selectin, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7434-20, -100**)
- Human CellExp™ CD71 / TFRC / TFR, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7279-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD273, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7369-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD36, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7371-10, -50**)
- Human CellExp™ CD87, human recombinant (**Cat. No. 7372-20, -100**)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.