BioVision

DCXR, human recombinant

CATALOG NO: P1155-10 10 μg P1155-50 50 μg

ALTERNATE NAMES: Dicarbonyl/L-xylulose reductase, DCR, HCR2, HCRII, KIDCR,

P34F

CONCENTRATION: 0.5 mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

SOURCE: *E.coli* (1-244aa)

PURITY: > 95% by SDS-PAGE

MOL. WEIGHT: This protein is fused with 6x His tag at N terminus and the protein

has a calculated MW of 28 kDa (264aa), confirmed by MALDI-TOF

FORM: Liquid

FORMULATION: In 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1 mM DTT, 20%

glycerol, 50 mM NaCl

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store at +4°C for short term (1-2 weeks). For long term storage,

aliquot and store at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

SEQUENCE: MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MELFLAGRRV LVTGAGKGIG

RGTVQALHAT GARVVAVSRT QADLDSLVRE CPGIEPVCVD LGDWEATERA LGSVGPVDLL VNNAAVALLQ PFLEVTKEAF DRSFEVNLRA VIQVSQIVAR GLIARGVPGA IVNVSSQCSQ RAVTNHSVYC STKGALDMLT KVMALELGPH KIRVNAVNPT VVMTSMGQAT WSDPHKAKTM LNRIPLGKFA EVEHVVNAIL

FLLSDRSGMT TGSTLPVEGG FWAC

DESCRIPTION: Dicarbonyl/L-xylulose reductase, also known as DCXR, is an

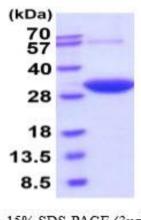
enzyme responsible for the metabolism of xylulose, converting it into xylitol. DCXR was expressed at low levels and was localized predominantly in the cytoplasmic membrane. In contrast, in virtually all grades of early-stage prostate cancer and in all chemohormonally treated cases, DCXR was strikingly overexpressed and was localized predominantly in the cytoplasm and nucleus. Recombinant human DCXR, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using

conventional chromatography techniques.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY: Specific activity is > 1,800 pmol/min/ug and is defined as the

amount of enzyme that oxidize 1 pmole of xylitol to L-xylulose per

minute at pH 10.0 at 37C.



15% SDS-PAGE (3ug)

Human recombinant DCXR

RELATED PRODUCT:

- PKD2, Active (Cat. No. 7711-5)
- PAK4, Active (Cat. No. 7707-5)
- Human Recombinant ALDH2 (Cat. No. 6322-100)
- Human Recombinant PKM2 (Cat. No. 6372-100)
- Phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, human recombinant (Cat. No. P1051-50)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

