

Human CellExp™ FOLR1, Rhesus macaque Recombinant

CATALOG NO: P1340-10 10 μg P1340-50 50 μq

ALTERNATE NAMES: FOLR-1, FBP, FOLR

SOURCE: HEK 293 cells (Arg 25 - Met 233)

PURITY: >90% by SDS – PAGE

MOL. WEIGHT: This protein carries polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. The protein

has a calculated MW of 26.4 kDa. The protein migrates as 35-41 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to

Glycosylation.

ENDOTOXIN LEVEL: < 1.0 EU per 1µg of protein (determined by LAL method)

FORM: Lyophilized

FORMULATION: Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

Generally Mannitol or Trehalose is added as a protectant before

lyophilization.

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store at -20°C. After reconstitution, aliquot and store at -80°C and

use within 3 months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

RECONSTITUTION: Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile

deionized water to a concentration of 50 μ g/ml. Solubilize for 30 to 60 minutes at room temperature with occasional gentle mixing. Carrier protein (0.1% (W/V) HSA or BSA) is recommended for

further dilution and long term storage. Do not vortex.

DESCRIPTION: Folate Receptor 1 (FOLR1) is also known as Folate receptor alpha, Folate Binding Protein (FBP), FOLR, and is a member of the folate receptor (FOLR) family. Members of this gape family have a high

receptor (FOLR) family. Members of this gene family have a high affinity for folic acid and for several reduced folic acid derivatives, and mediate delivery of 5-methyltetrahydrofolate to the interior of cells. Mature FOLR1 is an N-glycosylated protein that is anchored to the cell surface by a GPI linkage. FOLR1 is predominantly expressed on epithelial cells and is dramatically upregulated on many carcinomas. FOLR1 is internalized to the endosomal system where it dissociates from its ligand before recycling to the cell surface. A soluble form of FOLR1 can be proteolytically shed from the cell surface into the serum and breast milk. Defects in FOLR1 are the cause of neurodeceneration due to cerebral folate

transport deficiency (NCFTD). NCFTD is an autosomal recessive disorder resulting from brain-specific folate deficiency early in life.

SPECIFIC ACTIVITY:

Immobilized Folic acid-BSA conjugate at 20 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Rhesus macaque FOLR1, with a linear range of 0.156-2.5 μ g/mL

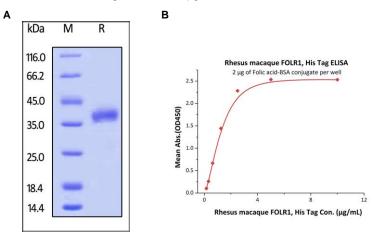


Fig. A. Rhesus macaque FOLR1, His tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition

Fig. B. Immobilized Folic acid-BSA conjugate at 20 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Rhesus macaque FOLR1, with a linear range of 0.156-2.5 μ g/mL

RELATED PRODUCT:

- Human CellExp™ FOLR1, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7456)
- Human CellExp™ FOLR1, mouse recombinant (Cat. No. 7457)
- Human CellExp™ FOLR2, human recombinant (Cat. No. 7471)
- Human CellExp™ FOLR1, Fc Tag, Human Recombinant (Cat. No. P1339)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

