

Diaphorase, Clostridium kluyveri

CATALOG NO: P1501-1 (1 KU)

ALTERNAME NAMES: Diaphorase, Lipoamide Dehydrogenase, Lipoyl Dehydrogenase, NAD(P)H dehydrogenase (quinone); EC

1.6.99.2

SOURCE:

Clostridium kluyveri

FORM: Lyophilized

PREPARATION: Lyophilized powder (contains no ammonium sulfate). IU per 1 mg powder is approximately 300 units.

SPECIFIC ACTIVITY: >20 U/mg (at 25°C and pH 7.5)

STORAGE CONDITION: Store at -20°C

DESCRIPTION: Diaphorase is a flavoprotein widely distributed in animal tissues. It catalyzes the transport of hydrogen from

dihydrocodehydrogenase I to acceptors like methylene blue or cytochrome, but not to molecular oxygen.

Dehydrogenases are an important target for the development of cancer therapeutics.

ASSAY PROCEDURE: NAD(P)H + acceptor = NAD(P)+ + reduced acceptor

a. Spectrophotometric Method:

Wavelength ; 600 nm, Light path length ; 1 cm, Temperature ; 25°C

Pipette the following reagents into a cuvette

2.75 mL Potassium phosphate buffer (0.1 mol/L, pH 7.5)

0.10 mL NADH (9 mmol/L) dissoluted in Tris (10 mmol/L)

0.10 mL 2, 6-dichlorophenolindophenol (2.7 mmol/L)

0.05 mL Diaphorase (about 2.5 U/mL)

b. Calculation:

 $\Delta A/min \times V \times D/d \times v = O.D.unit /mL$

ΔA/min = The change in absorbance at 600 nm/minute (revise the blank activation of Diaphorase (-))

V = Total volume of reaction mixture (3.00 mL)

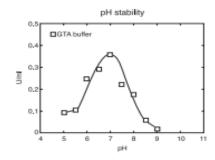
D = Enzyme dilution factor

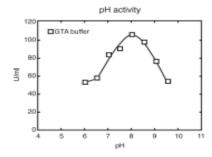
d = Light path length (1 cm)

v = Volume of enzyme sample (0.05 mL)

*O.D.unit: When the absorbance changes 1.0 during activation in 600 nm; we define as 1 O.D unit.

REFERENCE DATA:





RELATED PRODUCTS:

- NADH, disodium salt (2735)
- L-Lysine 6-Oxidase, M. mediterranea Recombinant (P1500)
- NADH Oxidase Activity Assay Kit (Colorimetric) (K2028)
- NADH Oxidase Activity Assay Kit (Fluorometric) (K2019)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

